

ICC-ES Evaluation Report



ESR-3814

Reissued January 2023 Revised March 2023

This report is subject to renewal January 2025.

www.icc-es.org | (800) 423-6587 | (562) 699-0543

A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

HILTI, INC.

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

HILTI HIT-RE 500 V3 ADHESIVE ANCHORS AND POST-INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 International Building Code[®] (IBC)
- 2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 International Residential Code[®] (IRC)

For evaluation for compliance with the *National Building Code of Canada*[®] (NBCC), see listing report <u>ELC-3814</u>.

For evaluation for compliance with codes adopted by Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS), see <u>ESR-3814 LABC and LARC Supplement</u>.

Property evaluated:

Structural

2.0 USES

The Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are used to resist static, wind and earthquake (Seismic Design Categories A through F) tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked normal-weight and lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'c, of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

The anchor system complies with anchors as described in Section 1901.3 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC, and Section 1909 of the 2012 IBC and is an alternative to cast-in-place anchors described in Section 1908 of the 2012 IBC. The anchor systems may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

The post-installed reinforcing bar system is an alternative to cast-in-place reinforcing bars governed by ACI 318 and IBC Chapter 19.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:

The Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are comprised of the following components:

- Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 adhesive packaged in foil packs
- Adhesive mixing and dispensing equipment
- Equipment for hole cleaning and adhesive injection

The Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System may be used with continuously threaded rod, Hilti HIS-(R)N internally threaded inserts or deformed steel reinforcing bars as depicted in Figure 4. The Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System may only be used with deformed steel reinforcing bars as depicted in Figures 2 and 3. The primary components of the Hilti Adhesive Anchoring and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Systems, including the Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive, HIT-RE-M static mixing nozzle and steel anchoring elements, are shown in Figure 7 of this report.

The manufacturer's printed Installation instructions (MPII), as included with each adhesive unit package, are consolidated as Figure 8A and 8B.

3.2 Materials:

3.2.1 Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive: Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive is an injectable, two-component epoxy adhesive. The two components are separated by means of a dual-cylinder foil pack attached to a manifold. The two components combine and react when dispensed through a static mixing nozzle attached to the manifold. Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 is available in 11.1-ounce (330 ml), 16.9-ounce (500 ml), and 47.3-ounce (1400 ml) foil packs. The manifold attached to each foil pack is stamped with the adhesive expiration date. The shelf life, as indicated by the expiration date, applies to an unopened foil pack stored in a dry, dark environment and in accordance with Figure 8A.

3.2.2 Hole Cleaning Equipment:

3.2.2.1 Standard Equipment: Standard hole cleaning equipment, comprised of steel wire brushes and air nozzles, is described in Figure 8A of this report.

3.2.2.2 Hilti Safe-Set™ System: For the elements described in Sections 3.2.5.1 through 3.2.5.3 and Section 3.2.6, the Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD hollow carbide drill bit with a carbide drilling head conforming to ANSI B212.15 must be used. When used in conjunction with a Hilti vacuum with a minimum value for the maximum volumetric flow rate of



129 CFM (61 ℓ/s), the Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD drill bit will remove the drilling dust, automatically cleaning the hole. Available sizes for Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD drill bit are shown in Figure 8A.

3.2.3 Hole Preparation Equipment:

- **3.2.3.1** Hilti Safe-Set™ System: TE-YRT Roughening Tool: For the elements described in Sections 3.2.5.1 through 3.2.5.3 and Tables 9, 12, 17, 20, and 29, the Hilti TE-YRT roughening tool with a carbide roughening head is used for hole preparation in conjunction with holes core drilled with a diamond core bit as illustrated in Figure 5.
- **3.2.4 Dispensers:** Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 must be dispensed with manual, electric, or pneumatic dispensers provided by Hilti.

3.2.5 Anchor Elements:

- **3.2.5.1 Threaded Steel Rods:** Threaded steel rods must be clean, continuously threaded rods (all-thread) in diameters as described in Tables 6 and 14 and Figure 4 of this report. Steel design information for common grades of threaded rods is provided in Table 2. Carbon steel threaded rods must be furnished with a 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating complying with ASTM B633 SC 1 or must be hot-dipped galvanized complying with ASTM A153, Class C or D. Stainless steel threaded rods must comply with ASTM F593 or ISO 3506 A4. Threaded steel rods must be straight and free of indentations or other defects along their length. The ends may be stamped with identifying marks and the embedded end may be blunt cut or cut on the bias to a chisel point.
- **3.2.5.2** Steel Reinforcing Bars for use in Post-Installed Anchor Applications: Steel reinforcing bars are deformed bars as described in Table 3 of this report. Tables 6, 14, and 22 and Figure 4 summarize reinforcing bar size ranges. The embedded portions of reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil, and other coatings (other than zinc) that may impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation, except as set forth in ACI 318-19 Section 26.6.3.2(b), ACI 318-14 Section 26.6.3.1(b) or ACI 318-11 Section 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.
- 3.2.5.3 Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN Inserts: Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts have a profile on the external surface and are internally threaded. Mechanical properties for Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts are provided in Table 4. The inserts are available in diameters and lengths as shown in Table 26 and Figure 4. Hilti HIS-N inserts are produced from carbon steel and furnished with a 0.0002-inch-thick (0.005 mm) zinc electroplated coating complying with ASTM B633 SC 1. The stainless steel Hilti HIS-RN inserts are fabricated from X5CrNiMo17122 K700 steel conforming to DIN 17440. Specifications for common bolt types that may be used in conjunction with Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts are provided in Table 5. Bolt grade and material type (carbon, stainless) must be matched to the insert. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , corresponding to brittle steel elements must be used for Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts.
- **3.2.5.4 Ductility:** In accordance with ACI 318 (-19 and -14) 2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.1, as applicable, in order for a steel element to be considered ductile, the tested elongation must be at least 14 percent and reduction of area must be at least 30 percent. Steel elements with a tested elongation of less than 14 percent or a reduction of area of less than 30 percent, or both, are considered brittle. Values for

various steel materials are provided in Tables 2, 3, 4, and 5 of this report. Where values are nonconforming or unstated, the steel must be considered brittle.

3.2.6 Steel Reinforcing Bars for Use in Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections: Steel reinforcing bars used in post-installed reinforcing bar connections are deformed bars (rebar) as depicted in Figures 2 and 3. Tables 31, 32, 33, and Figure 4 summarize reinforcing bar size ranges. The embedded portions of reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil, and other coatings that may impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation, except as set forth in Section 26.6.3.2(b) of ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 26.6.3.1(b) or ACI 318-11 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.

3.3 Concrete:

Normal-weight or lightweight concrete must comply with Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC, as applicable. The specified compressive strength of the concrete must be from 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design of Post-Installed Anchors:

Refer to Table 1 for the design parameters for specific installed elements, and refer to Figure 5 and Section 4.1.4 for a flowchart to determine the applicable design bond strength or pullout strength.

4.1.1 General: The design strength of anchors under the 2021 IBC, as well as the 2021 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 and this report. The design strength of anchors complying with the 2018 and 2015 IBC, as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2018 and 2015 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and this report.

The design strength of anchors under the 2012 IBC, as well as the 2012 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 and this report.

Design parameters are based on ACI 318-19 for use with the 2021 IBC, ACI 318-14 for use with the 2018 and 2015 IBC, and ACI 318-11 for use with the 2012 IBC unless noted otherwise in Sections 4.1.1 through 4.1.11 of this report.

The strength design of anchors must comply with ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1 or ACI 318-11 D.4.1 as applicable, except as required in ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable.

Design parameters are provided in Table 6A through Table 30. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC or ACI 318 (-19 and -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-11 D.4.4 must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix C.

4.1.2 Static Steel Strength in Tension: The nominal static steel strength of a single anchor in tension, $N_{\rm Se}$, in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 or ACI 318-11 Section D.5.1.2, as applicable, and the associated strength reduction factors, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.3, as applicable, are provided in the tables outlined in Table 1 for the anchor element types included in this report.

4.1.3 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension: The nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in tension, N_{cb} or N_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2, as applicable, with the following addition:

The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable using the values of $k_{c,cr}$, and $k_{c,uncr}$, as described in this report. Where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.6, as applicable, N_b must be calculated using $k_{c,uncr}$ and $\Psi_{c,N} = 1.0$. See Table 1. For anchors in lightweight concrete, see ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.3.6, as applicable. The value of f_c used for calculation must be limited to 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable. Additional information for the determination of nominal bond strength in tension is given in Section 4.1.4 of this report.

4.1.4 Static Bond Strength in Tension: The nominal static bond strength of a single adhesive anchor or group of adhesive anchors in tension, N_a or N_{ag} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5, as applicable. Bond strength values are a function of the concrete compressive strength, whether the concrete is cracked or uncracked, the concrete temperature range, the drilling method, and the installation conditions (dry or water-saturated, etc.). The resulting characteristic bond strength shall be multiplied by the associated strength reduction factor ϕ_{nn} as follows:

DRILLING METHOD	CONCRETE TYPE	PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	BOND STRENGTH	ASSOCIATED STRENGTH REDUCTION FACTOR
	Cracked and Uncracked	Dry	Tk,uncr or Tk,cr	фа
Hammer-drill		Water-saturated	Tk,uncr or Tk,cr	ø ws
		Water-filled hole	$ au_{k,uncr}$ or $ au_{k,cr}$	фwf
		Underwater application	$ au_{k,uncr}$ or $ au_{k,cr}$	$\phi_{\sf uw}$
Core Drilled with Roughening Tool	Cracked and	Dry	Tk,uncr or Tk,cr	фа
or Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD Hollow Drill Bit		Water-saturated	$\mathcal{T}_{k,uncr}$ or $\mathcal{T}_{k,cr}$	ø ws
Core Drilled	Uncracked	Dry	Tk,uncr	$\phi_{ extsf{d}}$
Core Drilled	Officialched	Water-saturated	$ au_{k,uncr}$	ϕ_{ws}

Figure 5 of this report presents a bond strength design selection flowchart. Strength reduction factors for determination of the bond strength are outlined in Table 1 of this report. Adjustments to the bond strength may also be made for increased concrete compressive strength as noted in the footnotes to the bond strength tables.

4.1.5 Static Steel Strength in Shear: The nominal static strength of a single anchor in shear as governed by the steel, $V_{\rm Sa}$, in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable, and strength reduction factors, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as

applicable, are given in the tables outlined in Table 1 for the anchor element types included in this report.

- 4.1.6 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear: The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2, as applicable, based on information given in the tables outlined in Table 1. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in shear, V_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2.2, as applicable, using the values of d given in the tables as outlined in Table 1 for the corresponding anchor steel in lieu of d_a (2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC). In addition, hef must be substituted for ℓ_e . In no case must ℓ_e exceed 8d. The value of f_c must be limited to a maximum of 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable.
- **4.1.7 Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear:** The nominal static pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.3, ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.3, as applicable.
- **4.1.8 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: For** designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.8, ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318-11 D.7, as applicable.
- **4.1.9 Minimum Member Thickness,** *h_{min}*, **Anchor Spacing,** *s_{min}* and **Edge Distance,** *c_{min}*: In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.2, ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-11 D.8.1 and D.8.3, as applicable, values of *s_{min}* and *c_{min}* described in this report must be observed for anchor design and installation. Likewise, in lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.4, ACI 318-14 17.7.5 or ACI 318-11 D.8.5, as applicable, the minimum member thicknesses, *h_{min}*, described in this report must be observed for anchor design and installation. For adhesive anchors that will remain untorqued, ACI 318-19 17.9.3, ACI 318-14 17.7.4 or ACI 318-11 D.8.4, as applicable, applies.

For edge distances c_{ai} and anchor spacing s_{ai} , the maximum torque T_{max} shall comply with the following requirements:

REDUCED MAXIMUM INSTALLATION TORQUE $T_{max,red}$ FOR EDGE DISTANCES $c_{ai} < (5 \times d_a)$						
EDGE DISTANCE, c_{ai} MINIMUM ANCHOR MAXIMUM TORQUE SPACING, s_{ai} $T_{max,red}$						
1.75 in. (45 mm) ≤ <i>c</i> _{ai}	5 x d_a ≤ s_{ai} < 16 in.	0.3 x <i>T_{max}</i>				
< 5 x d _a	$s_{ai} \ge 16$ in. (406 mm)	0.5 x T _{max}				

4.1.10 Critical Edge Distance c_{ac} : In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.9.5, ACI 318-14 17.7.6 or ACI 318-11 D.8.6, as applicable, c_{ac} must be determined as follows:

$$c_{ac} = h_{ef} \cdot \left(\frac{r_{k,uncr}}{1160}\right)^{0.4} \cdot \left[3.1 - 0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right]$$
 Eq. (4-1)

where $\left[\frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right]$ need not be taken as larger than 2.4: and

 $au_{k,uncr}$ is the characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete stated in the tables of this report, whereby $au_{k,uncr}$ need not be taken as greater than:

$$\tau_{k,uncr} = \frac{k_{uncr} \sqrt{h_{ef} \cdot f_c}}{\pi \cdot d_c}$$

4.1.11 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, the design must be performed according to ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.3.3, as applicable. Modifications to ACI 318-19 17.10 and ACI 318-14 17.2.3 shall be applied under Section 1905.1.8 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC. For the 2012 IBC, Section 1905.1.9 shall be omitted.

The nominal steel shear strength, V_{sa} , must be adjusted by $\alpha_{V,seis}$ as given in the tables summarized in Table 1 for the anchor element types included in this report. For tension, the nominal pullout strength $N_{p,cr}$ or bond strength τ_{cr} must be adjusted by $\alpha_{N,seis}$. See Tables 8, 9, 11, 12, 16, 17, 19, 20, 24, 28 and 29.

Modify ACI 318-11 Sections D.3.3.4.2, D.3.3.4.3(d) and D.3.3.5.2 to read as follows:

ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.2 - Where the tensile component of the strength-level earthquake force applied to anchors exceeds 20 percent of the total factored anchor tensile force associated with the same load combination, anchors and their attachments shall be designed in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3. The anchor design tensile strength shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.4

Exception:

1. Anchors designed to resist wall out-of-plane forces with design strengths equal to or greater than the force determined in accordance with ASCE 7 Equation 12.11-1 or 12.14-10 shall be deemed to satisfy ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d).

ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d) – The anchor or group of anchors shall be designed for the maximum tension obtained from design load combinations that include E, with E increased by Ω_0 . The anchor design tensile strength shall be calculated from ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.4.

ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.2 – Where the shear component of the strength-level earthquake force applied to anchors exceeds 20 percent of the total factored anchor shear force associated with the same load combination, anchors and their attachments shall be designed in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3. The anchor design shear strength for resisting earthquake forces shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.

Exceptions:

- 1. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching wood sill plates of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame wood structures to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
 - 1.1. The allowable in-plane shear strength of the anchor is determined in accordance with AF&PA NDS Table 11E for lateral design values parallel to grain.
 - 1.2. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is $\frac{5}{8}$ inch (16 mm).
 - 1.3. Anchor bolts are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).
 - 1.4. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 1³/₄ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the wood sill plate.

- 1.5. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the wood sill plate.
- 1.6. The sill plate is 2-inch or 3-inch nominal thickness.
- 2. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching cold-formed steel track of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame construction to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3, need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
 - 2.1. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is $^{5}/_{8}$ inch (16 mm).
 - 2.2. Anchors are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).
 - 2.3. Anchors are located a minimum of $1^{3}/_{4}$ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the track.
 - 2.4. Anchors are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the track.
 - 2.5. The track is 33 to 68 mil designation thickness.

Allowable in-plane shear strength of exempt anchors, parallel to the edge of concrete shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with AISI S100 Section E3.3.1.

3. In light-frame construction, bearing or nonbearing walls, shear strength of concrete anchors less than or equal to 1 inch [25 mm] in diameter attaching a sill plate or track to foundation or foundation stem wall need not satisfy ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3(a) through (c) when the design strength of the anchors is determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2.1(c).

4.2 Strength Design of Post-Installed Reinforcing Bars:

4.2.1 General: The design of straight post-installed deformed reinforcing bars must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 rules for cast-in place reinforcing bar development and splices and this report.

Examples of typical applications for the use of post-installed reinforcing bars are illustrated in Figures 2 and 3 of this report.

4.2.2 Determination of bar development length I_d : Values of I_d must be determined in accordance with the ACI 318 development and splice length requirements for straight cast-in place reinforcing bars.

Exceptions:

- 1. For uncoated and zinc-coated (galvanized) post-installed reinforcing bars, the factor $\Psi_{\rm e}$ shall be taken as 1.0. For all other cases, the requirements in ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5, ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (b) shall apply.
- 2. When using alternate methods to calculate the development length (e.g., anchor theory), the applicable factors for post-installed anchors generally apply.
- 4.2.3 Minimum Member Thickness, h_{min} , Minimum Concrete Cover, $c_{c,min}$, Minimum Concrete Edge Distance, $c_{b,min}$, Minimum Spacing, $s_{b,min}$: For post-installed reinforcing bars, there is no limit on the minimum member thickness. In general, all requirements on concrete

cover and spacing applicable to straight cast-in bars designed in accordance with ACI 318 shall be maintained.

For post-installed reinforcing bars installed at embedment depths, h_{ef} , larger than 20d (h_{ef} > 20d), the minimum concrete cover shall be as follows:

REBAR SIZE	MINIMUM CONCRETE COVER, C _{c,min}
$d_b \le No. \ 6 \ (16 \ mm)$	1 ³ / ₁₆ in. (30mm)
No. $6 < d_b \le No. 10$	1 ⁹ / ₁₆ in.
$(16mm < d_b \le 32mm)$	(40mm)

The following requirements apply for minimum concrete edge and spacing for $h_{ef} > 20$ d:

Required minimum edge distance for post-installed reinforcing bars (measured from the center of the bar):

$$c_{b,min} = d_0/2 + c_{c,min}$$

Required minimum center-to-center spacing between post-installed bars:

$$s_{b,min} = d_0 + c_{c,min}$$

Required minimum center-to-center spacing from existing (parallel) reinforcing:

$$S_{b,min} = d_b/2$$
 (existing reinforcing) + $d_0/2$ + $C_{c,min}$

All other requirements applicable to straight cast-in place bars designed in accordance with ACI 318 shall be maintained.

4.2.4 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, design of straight post-installed reinforcing bars must take into account the provisions of ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21, as applicable.

4.2.5 Design in Fire Resistive Construction: For post-installed reinforcing bars, the relationship of bond stress to temperature under fire conditions for short term loading (including seismic), suitable for use in determining conformance with fire resistance rating requirements is as follows (see Figures 6A and 6B):

$$\tau_{fire(\theta)} = 1,137,318 \cdot \theta^{-1.47}$$
 (psi)

$$\tau_{fire(\theta)} = 522.93 \cdot \theta^{-1.14}$$
 (N/mm2)

Where θ is the temperature in the concrete at the post-installed reinforcing bar in °F (for psi) or °C (for N/mm²), as applicable.

For temperatures above θ_{max} of 581 °F (305 °C), $\tau_{fire}(\theta)=0$. For load cases including sustained loads, with or without short term loading, multiply $\tau_{fire}(\theta)$ by 0.93.

The bond stress, $\tau_{fire}(\theta)$, shall not exceed 1,090 psi (7.5 N/mm²).

Determination of the temperature in the concrete at the location of the post-installed reinforcing bar is dependent on the geometry of the concrete members under consideration, and its calculation is the responsibility of the design professional. The design professional shall use the bond strength / temperature curves in Figure 6 along with a determination of the temperature in the concrete appropriate for the member geometry under consideration to calculate the reinforcing bar development length I_d .

4.3 Installation:

Installation parameters are illustrated in Figures 1 and 4. Installation must be in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.8.1 and 17.8.2 or ACI 318-11 D.9.1 and D.9.2, as applicable. Anchor and post-installed reinforcing

bar locations must comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Installation of the Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchor and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Systems must conform to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) included in each unit package consolidated as Figures 8A and 8B of this report. The MPII contains additional requirements for combinations of drill hole depth, diameter, drill bit type, hole preparation, and dispensing tools.

The initial cure time, $t_{cure,ini}$, as noted in Figure 8A of this report, is intended for rebar applications only and is the time where rebar and concrete formwork preparation may continue. Between the initial cure time and the full cure time, $t_{cure,final}$, the adhesive has a limited load bearing capacity. Do not apply a torque or load on the rebar during this time

4.4 Special Inspection:

Periodic special inspection must be performed where required in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC, as applicable, and this report. The special inspector must be on the jobsite initially during anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar installation to verify anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar type and dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, adhesive identification and expiration date, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar embedment, tightening torque and adherence to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions.

The special inspector must verify the initial installations of each type and size of adhesive anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar by construction personnel on site. Subsequent installations of the same anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar type and size by the same construction personnel are permitted to be performed in the absence of the special inspector. Any change in the anchor or post-installed reinforcing bar product being installed or the personnel performing the installation requires an initial inspection. For ongoing installations over an extended period, the special inspector must make regular inspections to confirm correct handling and installation of the product.

Continuous special inspection of adhesive anchors or post-installed reinforcing bar installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.13.3.2(e) and 26.7.1(j), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.4, 26.7.1(h), and 26.13.3.2(c) or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.4, as applicable.

Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Sections 1705, 1706, and 1707 must be observed, where applicable.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchor System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System described in this report complies with, or is a suitable alternative to what is specified in, the codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- 5.1 Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) as included in the adhesive packaging and consolidated as Figures 8A and 8B of this report.
- 5.2 The anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete having a specified compressive strength f'_c = 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

- **5.3** The values of f'_c used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55.1 MPa).
- 5.4 The concrete shall have attained its minimum design strength prior to installation of the Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 adhesive anchors or post-installed reinforcing bars.
- 5.5 Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in concrete base materials in holes drilled using carbide-tipped drill bits manufactured with the range of maximum and minimum drill-tip dimensions specified in ANSI B212.15-1994, or diamond core drill bits, as detailed in Figure 8A. Use of the Hilti TE-YRT Roughening Tool in conjunction with diamond core bits must be as detailed in Figure 8B.
- 5.6 Loads applied to the anchors must be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC for strength design and in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.3 of the 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC for allowable stress design.
- 5.7 Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are recognized for use to resist short- and long-term loads, including wind and earthquake, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.8 In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchor strength must be adjusted in accordance with Section 4.1.11 of this report, and post-installed reinforcing bars must comply with section 4.2.4 of this report.
- 5.9 Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are permitted to be installed in concrete that is cracked or that may be expected to crack during the service life of the anchor, subject to the conditions of this report.
- **5.10** Anchor strength design values must be established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.
- 5.11 Post-installed reinforcing bar development and splice length is established in accordance with Section 4.2 of this report.
- 5.12 Minimum anchor spacing and edge distance as well as minimum member thickness must comply with the values noted in this report.
- 5.13 Post-installed reinforcing bar spacing, minimum member thickness, and cover distance must be in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318 for cast-in place bars and section 4.2.3 of this report.
- 5.14 Prior to anchor installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- 5.15 Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are not permitted to support fire-resistive construction. Where not otherwise prohibited by the code, Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are permitted for installation in fire-resistive construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars that support gravity load-bearing structural elements are within a fire-resistive envelope or a

- fire-resistive membrane, are protected by approved fire-resistive materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
- Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to support nonstructural elements.
- Post-installed reinforcing bars designed in accordance with Section 4.2.5 of this report.
- 5.16 Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- 5.17 Use of zinc-plated carbon steel threaded rods or steel reinforcing bars is limited to dry, interior locations.
- 5.18 Use of hot-dipped galvanized carbon steel and stainless steel rods is permitted for exterior exposure or damp environments.
- 5.19 Steel anchoring materials in contact with preservative-treated and fire-retardant-treated wood must be of zinc-coated carbon steel or stainless steel. The minimum coating weights for zinc-coated steel must comply with ASTM A153. Periodic special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report. Continuous special inspection for anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report.
- 5.20 Installation of anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2(e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.2 or 17.8.2.3, or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.2 or D.9.2.3, as applicable.
- 5.21 Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars may be used to resist tension and shear forces in floor, wall, and overhead installations only if installation is into concrete with a temperature between 23°F and 104°F (-5°C and 40°C) for threaded rods, rebar, and Hilti HIS-(R)N inserts. Overhead installations for hole diameters larger than ⁷/₁₆-inch or 10mm require the use of piston plugs (HIT-SZ, -IP) during injection to the back of the hole. 7/16-inch or 10mm diameter holes may be injected directly to the back of the hole with the use of extension tubing on the end of the nozzle. The anchor or post-installed reinforcing bars must be supported until fully cured (i.e., with Hilti HIT-OHW wedges, or other suitable means). Where temporary restraint devices are used, their use shall not result in imparement of the anchor shear resistance. Installations in concrete temperatures below 41°F (5°C) require the adhesive to be conditioned to a minimum temperature of 41°F (5°C).
- 5.22 Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars shall not be used for applications where the concrete temperature can rise from 40°F or less to 80°F or higher within a 12-hour period. Such applications may include but are not limited to anchorage of building façade systems and other applications subject to direct sun exposure.
- **5.23** Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 adhesives are manufactured by Hilti GmbH, Kaufering, Germany, under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

5.24 Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts are manufactured by Hilti (China) Ltd., Guangdong, China, under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

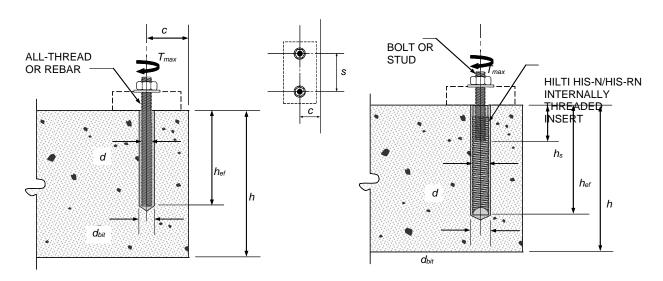
Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Post-installed Adhesive Anchors and Reinforcing Bars in Concrete Elements (AC308), dated October 2022, which incorporates requirements in ACI 355.4 (-19 and -11), including but not limited to tests under freeze/thaw conditions (Table 3.2, test series 6), and Table 3.8 for evaluating post-installed reinforcing bars including test series 15 for effects of fire on bond stress.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

7.1 The ICC-ES mark of conformity, electronic labeling, or the evaluation report number (ICC-ES ESR-3814) along with the name, registered trademark, or registered logo of the report holder must be included in the product label.

- 7.2 In addition, Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 adhesive is identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (Hilti Corp.) and address, product name, lot number, expiration date.
- 7.3 Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN inserts are identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (Hilti Corp.) and address, anchor name and size, and evaluation report number (ESR-3814). Threaded rods, nuts, washers, bolts, cap screws, and deformed reinforcing bars are standard elements and must conform to applicable national or international specifications.
- **7.4** The report holder's contact information is the following:

HILTI, INC. 7250 DALLAS PARKWAY, SUITE 1000 PLANO, TEXAS 75024 (800) 879-8000 www.hilti.com



THREADED ROD/REINFORCING BAR

HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS

FIGURE 1—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR POST-INSTALLED ADHESIVE ANCHORS

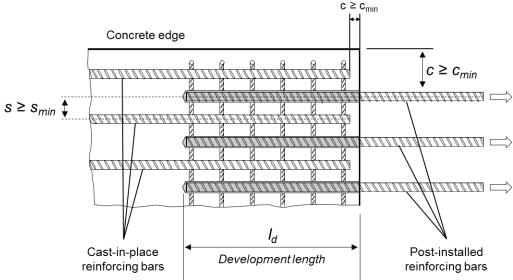


FIGURE 2—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS FOR POST-INSTALLED REINFORCING BARS

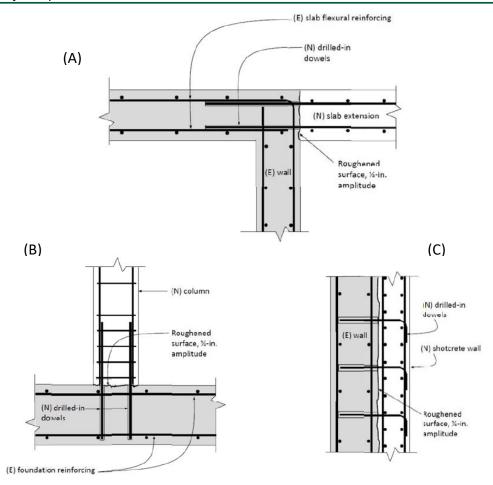
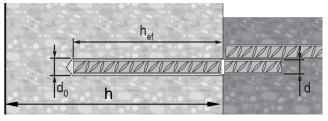


FIGURE 3—(A) TENSION LAP SPLICE WITH EXISTING FLEXURAL REINFORCEMENT; (B) TENSION DEVELOPMENT OF COLUMN DOWELS; (C) DEVELOPMENT OF SHEAR DOWELS FOR NEW ONLAY SHEAR WALL

DEFORMED REINFORCMENT

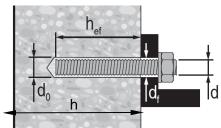


EU Rebar		
Ø d (mm)	Ø d₀ [mm]	h _{ef} [mm]
8	12	60480
10	14	60600
12	16	70720
14	18	75840
16	20	80960
18	22	851080
20	25	901200
22	28	951320
24	32	961440
25	32	1001500
26	35	1041560
28	35	1121680
30	37	1201800
32	40	1281920

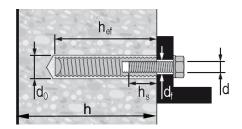
US Kebar		
VERTERE	Ø d ₀	h _{ef}
d	[inch]	[inch]
#3	1/2	23/8221/2
#4	5/8	23/430
#5	3/4	3 1/837 1/2
#6	7/8	3½15
# 0	1	1545
#7	1	3 1/217 1/2
# /	11/8	17 1/252 1/2
#8	11/8	420
#0	11/4	2060
#9	13/8	41/2671/2
#10	11/2	575
# 11	13/4	5 1/282 1/2

DIDDIDDID	Ø d _o	h _{ef}
	[inch]	[mm]
10 M	9/16	70678
15 M	3/4	80960
20 M	1	901170
25 M	1 1/4 (32 mm)	1011512
30 M	1 1/2	1201794

THREADED ROD



HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN THREADED INSERTS



HAS / HIT-V

Ø d [inch]	Ø d₀ [inch]	h _{ef} [inch]	Ø d _f [inch]	T _{max} [ft-lb]	T _{max} [Nm]
3/8	7/16	23/871/2	7/16	15	20
1/2	9/16	23/410	9/16	30	41
5/8	3/4	31/8 121/2	11/16	60	81
3/4	7/8	31/215	13/16	100	136
7/8	1	31/2 171/2	15/16	125	169
1	1 1/8	420	1 1/8	150	203
1 1/4	1 ³ / ₈	5 25	1 ³ / ₈	200	271

	1	1/4
HIT-V		

HII-V				
Ø d [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	h _{ef} [mm]	Ø d _f [mm]	T _{max} [Nm]
M8	10	60160	9	10
M10	12	60200	12	20
M12	14	70240	14	40
M16	18	80320	18	80
M20	22	90400	22	150
M24	28	100480	26	200
M27	30	110540	30	270
M30	35	120600	33	300

Ø d [inch]	Ø d ₀ [inch]	h _{ef} [inch]	Ø d _f [inch]	h₅ [inch]	T _{max} [ft-lb]	T _{max} [Nm]
3/8	11/16	43/8	7/16	3/815/16	15	20
1/2	7/8	5	9/16	1/21 3/16	30	41
5/8	1 1/8	63/4	11/16	5/81 1/2	60	81
3/4	1 1/4	8 1/8	13/16	3/417/8	100	136

Ø d [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	h _{ef} [mm]	Ø d _f [mm]	h _s [mm]	T _{max} [Nm]
M8	14	90	9	820	10
M10	18	110	12	1025	20
M12	22	125	14	1230	40
M16	28	170	18	1640	80
M20	32	205	22	2050	150

FIGURE 4—INSTALLATION PARAMETERS (Continued)

TABLE 1—DESIGN TABLE INDEX

		Fract	ional	Metric	
Design Table		Table	Page	Table	Page
Standard Threaded Rod	Steel Strength - Nsa, Vsa	6A	13	14	20
	Concrete Breakout - N _{cb} , N _{cbg} , V _{cb} , V _{cbg} , V _{cp} , V _{cpg}		15	15	21
	Bond Strength - Na, Nag	11-13	18-19	19-21	25-26
Hilti HIS-N and HIS-RN Internally Threaded Insert	Steel Strength - N _{sa} , V _{sa}	26	30	26	30
ARROWERSON (1990)	Concrete Breakout - N_{cb} , N_{cbg} , V_{cb} , V_{cpg} , V_{cpg}	27	31	27	31
	Bond Strength - Na, Nag	28-30	32-33	28-30	32-33

Docing 1	rahia.	Fract	ional	EU N	letric	Canadian	
Design	Design Table				Page	Table	Page
Steel Reinforcing Bars	Steel Strength - N _{sa} , V _{sa}	6B	14	14	20	22	27
	Concrete Breakout - N_{cb} , N_{cbg} , V_{cb} , V_{cpg} , V_{cpg}	7	15	15	21	23	27
	Bond Strength - Na, Nag	8-10	16-17	16-18	22-24	24-25B	28-29
	Determination of development length for post-installed reinforcing bar connections	31	34	32	34	33	35

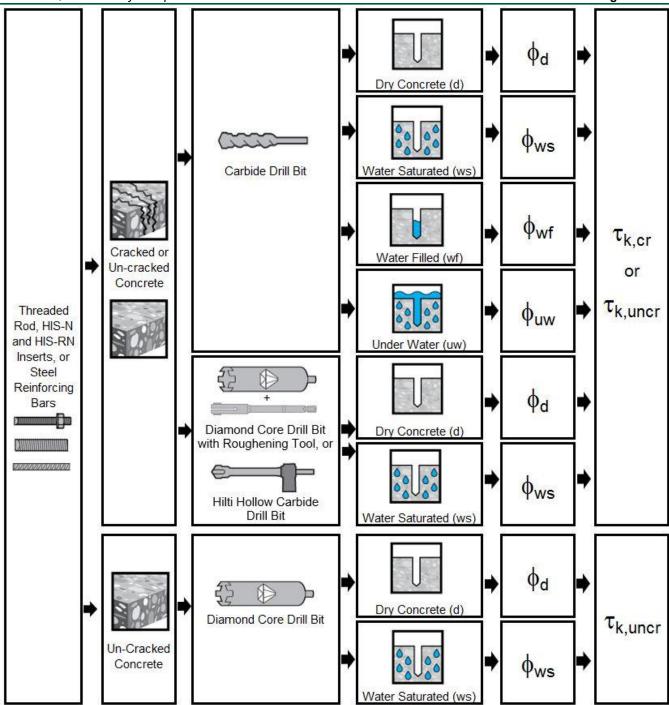


FIGURE 5—FLOWCHART FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DESIGN BOND STRENGTH

TABLE 2—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON CARBON AND STAINLESS STEEL THREADED ROD MATERIALS¹

1000000	EADED ROD SPECIFICATION		Minimum specified ultimate strength, f _{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2 percent offset, f _{ya}	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min. percent ⁷	Reduction of Area, min. percent	Specification for nuts ⁸	
	ASTM A193 ² Grade B7	psi	125,000	105,000	1.19	16	50	ASTM A563 Grade DH	
	≤ 2 ¹ / ₂ in. (≤ 64 mm)	(MPa)	(862)	(724)	1.19	10	30	ASTIVI ASOS GIAGE DIT	
	ASTM F568M3 Class 5.8	psi	72,500	58,000				ASTM A563 Grade DH ⁹	
	M5 (1/4 in.) to M24 (1 in.) (equivalent to ISO 898-1)	(MPa)	(500)	(400)	1.25	10	35	DIN 934 (8-A2K)	
ی	ASTM F1554, Grade 36 ⁷	psi	58,000	36,000	1.61	23	40	ASTM A194 or ASTM A563	
岜	A31W1 1334, Grade 30	(MPa)	(400)	(248)	1.01	23	40	A31W A194 OF A31W A303	
CARBON STEEL	ASTM F1554, Grade 55 ⁷	psi	75,000	55,000	1.36	21	30	ASTM A194 or ASTM A563	
RBC	A31W1 1354, Grade 35	(MPa)	(517)	(379)	1.36 21		30	A31W A194 OF A31W A303	
SA	ASTM F1554, Grade 105 ⁷	psi	125,000	105,000	1.19	15	45	ASTM A194 or ASTM A56	
		(MPa)	(862)	(724)	1.19	15	40	A31W A194 OF A31W A303	
	SO 898-1⁴Class 5.8	MPa	500	400	1.25	22		DIN 934 Grade 6	
	130 030-1 Class 3.0	(psi)	(72,500)	(58,000)	1.23	22	-	DIIV 934 Glade 0	
	ISO 898-1 ⁴ Class 8.8	MPa	800	640	1.25	12	52	DIN 934 Grade 8	
	130 090-1 Class 6.6	(psi)	(116,000)	(92,800)	1.25	12	32	DIIV 934 Glade 6	
	ASTM F593 ⁵ CW1 (316)	psi	100,000	65,000	1.54	20		ASTM F594	
	¹ / ₄ -in. to ⁵ / ₈ -in.	(MPa)	(689)	(448)	1.54	20	-	ASTIVIT 394	
	ASTM F593 ⁵ CW2 (316)	psi	85,000	45,000	1.89	25		ASTM F594	
STEEL	³ / ₄ -in. to 1 ¹ / ₂ -in.	(MPa)	(586)	(310)	1.09	25	-	AOTNI 1 354	
SSS	ASTM A193 Grade 8(M), Class	psi	75,000	30,000	2.50	30	50	ASTM F594	
Ę	1 ² - 1 ¼-in.	(MPa)	(517)	(207)	2.50	30	30	A31W1 394	
STAINLESS	ISO 3506-1 ⁶ A4-70	MPa	700	450	1.56	40	_	ISO 4032	
S	M8 – M24	(psi)	(101,500)	(65,250)	1.50	40	_	100 7002	
	ISO 3506-1 ⁶ A4-50	MPa	500	210	2.38	40	_	ISO 4032	
	M27 – M30	(psi)	(72,500)	(30,450)	2.50	40	-	100 7002	

¹Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 adhesive may be used in conjunction with all grades of continuously threaded carbon or stainless steel rod (all-thread) that comply with the code reference standards and that have thread characteristics comparable with ANSI B1.1 UNC Coarse Thread Series or ANSI B1.13M M Profile Metric Thread Series.

TABLE 3—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON STEEL REINFORCING BARS

REINFORCING BAR SPECIFICATION		Minimum specified ultimate strength, $f_{\it uta}$	Minimum specified yield strength, f_{ya}
ASTM A615 ¹ Gr. 60	psi	80,000	60,000
ASTM A015" GI. 60	(MPa)	(550)	(414)
ASTM A615 ¹ Gr. 40	psi	60,000	40,000
ASTM A615° Gr. 40	(MPa)	(414)	(276)
ASTM A706 ² Gr. 60	psi	80,000	60,000
ASTM A706- Gr. 60	(MPa)	(550)	(414)
DIN 488 ³ BSt 500	MPa	550	500
DIN 488° BSt 500	(psi)	(79,750)	(72,500)
CAN/CSA-G30.18 ⁴ Gr. 400	MPa	540	400
CAN/CSA-G30.18° Gr. 400	(psi)	(78,300)	(58,000)

¹Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

Values for threaded rod types and associated nuts supplied by Hilli are provided here.

2Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High-Temperature Service

³Standard Specification for Carbon and Alloy Steel Externally Threaded Metric Fasteners

⁴Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs

⁵Standard Steel Specification for Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs

⁶Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless steel fasteners – Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs

⁷Based on 2-in. (50 mm) gauge length except for A 193, which are based on a gauge length of 4d and ISO 898, which is based on 5d.
⁸Nuts of other grades and styles having specified proof load stresses greater than the specified grade and style are also suitable. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal to or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specified threaded rod.

⁹Nuts for fractional rods.

²Standard Specification for Low Alloy Steel Deformed and Plain Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

³Reinforcing steel; reinforcing steel bars; dimensions and masses

⁴Billet-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

TABLE 4—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS

HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS		Minimum specified ultimate strength, f_{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength, f_{ya}
Carbon Steel DIN EN 10277-3 11SMnPb30+c or DIN 1561	psi	71,050	56,550
9SMnPb28K	(MPa)	(490)	(390)
Stainless Steel	psi	101,500	50,750
EN 10088-3 X5CrNiMo 17-12-2	(MPa)	(700)	(350)

TABLE 5—SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON BOLTS, CAP SCREWS AND STUDS FOR USE WITH HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS^{1,2}

BOLT, CAP SCREW OR STUD SPECIFICATION		Minimum specified ultimate strength f _{uta}	Minimum specified yield strength 0.2 percent offset f_{ya}	f _{uta} /f _{ya}	Elongation, min.	Reduction of Area, min.	Specification for nuts ⁶
ASTM A193 Grade B7	psi (MPa)	125,000 (862)	105,000 (724)	1.119	16	50	ASTM A563 Grade DH
SAE J429 ³ Grade 5	psi (MPa)	120,000 (828)	92,000 (634)	1.30	14	35	SAE J995
ASTM A325 ⁴ ¹ / ₂ to 1-in.	psi (MPa)	120,000 (828)	92,000 (634)	1.30	14	35	A563 C, C3, D, DH, DH3 Heavy Hex
ASTM A193 ⁵ Grade B8M (AISI 316) for use with HIS-RN	psi (MPa)	110,000 (759)	95,000 (655)	1.16	15	45	ASTM F594 ⁷ Alloy Group 1, 2 or 3
ASTM A193 ⁵ Grade B8T (AISI 321) for use with HIS-RN	psi (MPa)	125,000 (862)	100,000 (690)	1.25	12	35	ASTM F594 ⁷ Alloy Group 1, 2 or 3

¹Minimum Grade 5 bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with carbon steel HIS inserts.

 $^{^2 \! \}text{Only}$ stainless steel bolts, cap screws or studs must be used with HIS-RN inserts.

³Mechanical and Material Requirements for Externally Threaded Fasteners

⁴Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength

⁵Standard Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting Materials for High-Temperature Service

⁶Nuts must have specified minimum proof load stress equal to or greater than the specified minimum full-size tensile strength of the specified stud.

⁷Nuts for stainless steel studs must be of the same alloy group as the specified bolt, cap screw, or stud.





Fractional Threaded Rod

Steel Strength

TABLE 6A—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD

DESIGN	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units				al rod diamet					
DESIGN	IN ORMATION	Symbol		³ / ₈	¹ / ₂	⁵ / ₈	³ / ₄	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₄		
Rod O.D.		d	in.	0.375	0.5	0.625	0.75	0.875	1	1.25		
- NOG O.D.		u	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(31.8)		
Rod effec	tive cross-sectional area	A _{se}	in. ²	0.0775	0.1419	0.2260	0.3345	0.4617	0.6057	0.9691		
		, ise	(mm²)	(50)	(92)	(146)	(216)	(298)	(391)	(625)		
		N _{sa}	lb	5,620	10,290	16,385	24,250	33,470	43,910	70,260		
7- m	Nominal strength as governed by steel	1 434	(kN)	(25.0)	(45.8)	(72.9)	(107.9)	(148.9)	(195.3)	(312.5)		
-98-	strength	V _{sa}	lb	3,370	6,175	9,830	14,550	20,085	26,345	42,155		
ISO 898-1 Class 5.8			(kN)	(15.0)	(27.5)	(43.7)	(64.7)	(89.3)	(117.2)	(187.5)		
<u>8</u> 2	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				1.0					
	Strength reduction factor φ for tension ²	φ	-				0.65					
	Strength reduction factor φ for shear ²	φ	-	0.005	47.705	00.050	0.60	57.740	75 740	104.405		
B7		N _{sa}	lb (I-NI)	9,685	17,735 (78.9)	28,250 (125.7)	41,810	57,710 (256.7)	75,710	121,135 (538.8)		
Э В	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength		(kN)	(43.1)	10,640	` '	(186.0)	, ,	(336.8)	\ /		
19	Strength	V _{sa}	(kN)	5,810	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16,950	25,085 (111.6)	34,625 (154.0)	45,425 (202.1)	72,680		
5 −	Reduction for seismic shear	or	(KIN) -	(25.9)	(47.3)	(75.4)	1.0	(154.0)	(202.1)	(323.3)		
ASTM A193	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ³	αv,seis Φ	-				0.75					
Ř	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	φ					0.75					
	Strength reduction factor ψ for shear	-/	lb	-	8,230	13,110	19,400	26,780	35,130	56,210		
4	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	(kN)	_	(36.6)	(58.3)	(86.3)	(119.1)	(156.3)	(250.0)		
155	strength	.,	lb	-	4,940	7,865	11,640	16,070	21,080	33,725		
<u>π</u>		V _{sa}	(kN)	-	(22.0)	(35.0)	(51.8)	(71.5)	(93.8)	(150.0)		
ASTM F1554 Gr. 36	Reduction factor, seismic shear	$\alpha_{v,seis}$	-	0.6								
AS	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ³	ϕ	-				0.75					
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	ϕ	-				0.65					
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	lb	-	10,645	16,950	25,090	34,630	45,430	72,685		
54		1 434	(kN)	-	(47.4)	(75.4)	(111.6)	(154.0)	(202.1)	(323.3)		
ASTM F1554 Gr. 55	strength	V _{sa}	lb (LN)	-	6,385	10,170	15,055	20,780	27,260	43,610		
Σ Έ	Deduction footon oriente about		(kN)	-	(28.4)	(45.2)	(67.0)	(92.4)	(121.3)	(194.0)		
ST	Reduction factor, seismic shear Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ³	αν,seis ∡	-				1.0 0.75					
⋖	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	φ φ	-				0.75					
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear	φ	- lb	_	17,740	28,250	41,815	57,715	75,715	121,135		
4	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	(kN)	_	(78.9)	(125.7)	(186.0)	(256.7)	(336.8)	(538.8)		
55	strength		lb	-	10,645	16,950	25,090	34,630	45,430	72,680		
<u>F</u> 6	January Strategies	V _{sa}	(kN)	_	(47.4)	(75.4)	(111.6)	(154.0)	(202.1)	(323.3)		
ASTM F1554 Gr. 105	Reduction factor, seismic shear	$lpha_{ m v,seis}$	-		, ,	/	1.0	,	, ,			
AS	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ³	φ	-				0.75					
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	φ	-				0.65					
>		N _{sa}	lb	7,750	14,190	22,600	28,435	39,245	51,485	-		
ر ر	Nominal strength as governed by steel	I Vsa	(kN)	(34.5)	(63.1)	(100.5)	(126.5)	(174.6)	(229.0)	-		
93 es	strength	Vsa	lb (1.1.)	4,650	8,515	13,560	17,060	23,545	30,890	-		
ASTM F593, CW Stainless	Deduction footon reliable above		(kN)	(20.7)	(37.9)	(60.3)	(75.9)	(104.7)	(137.4)	-		
ĭg ₹	Reduction factor, seismic shear	αν,seis	-				.80			-		
AS.	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-				.65			-		
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	- lb			0	.60 -			55,240		
<u>~</u> –	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	(kN)				-			(245.7)		
3, C	strength		lb				_			33,145		
7197 Slas		V_{sa}	(kN)							(147.4)		
A A), C tain	Reduction factor, seismic shear	$lpha_{ m v, seis}$	-				_			0.8		
ξŠχ	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-				_			0.75		
ASTM A193, Gr. 8(M), Class 1 Stainless	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-							0.65		
	orrongen reduction factor ψ for sited	Ψ								0.00		

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For **pound-inch** units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf

¹Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2) and Eq. (17.7.1.2b), ACI 318-14 Eq. (17.4.1.2) and Eq (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29), as applicable. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod. ²For use with the load combinations of Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC, ACI 318 (-19 and -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element. ³For use with the load combinations of Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC, ACI 318 (-19 and -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.4. values correspond to a brittle steel element.

used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a ductile steel element.





Fractional Reinforcing Bars

Steel Strength

TABLE 6B—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS

DECIO	LINFORMATION	Completed	1114			Nomina	l Reinforcii	ng bar size	(Rebar) ¹			
DESIGI	INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	
Manada	l b an diameter	-1	in.	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1.128	1.270	
ivomina	I bar diameter	d	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.7)	(32.3)	
Dor offe	ctive cross-sectional area	4	in. ²	0.11	0.2	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.00	1.27	
bai elle	ctive cross-sectional area	Ase	(mm²)	(71)	(129)	(199)	(284)	(387)	(510)	(645)	(819)	
		N _{sa}	lb	6,600	12,000	18,600	26,400	36,000	47,400	60,000	76,200	
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	IVsa	(kN)	(29.4)	(53.4)	(82.7)	(117.4)	(160.1)	(210.9)	(266.9)	(339.0)	
.615 40	strength		lb	3,960	7,200	11,160	15,840	21,600	28,440	36,000	45,720	
M A ade	Strength Strength Reduction for seismic shear		(kN)	(17.6)	(32.0)	(49.6)	(70.5)	(96.1)	(126.5)	(160.1)	(203.4)	
AST	Reduction for seismic shear	$lpha_{V,seis}$	-		0.70							
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-				0.	65				
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-		0.60							
		N _{sa}	lb	8,800	16,000	24,800	35,200	48,000	63,200	80,000	101,600	
	Nominal strength as governed by steel		(kN)	(39.1)	(71.2)	(110.3)	(156.6)	(213.5)	(281.1)	(355.9)	(451.9)	
615 60	strength	V _{sa}	lb	5,280	9,600	14,880	21,120	28,800	37,920	48,000	60,960	
STM A61 Grade 60		Vsa	(kN)	(23.5)	(42.7)	(66.2)	(93.9)	(128.1)	(168.7)	(213.5)	(271.2)	
ASTM A615 Grade 60	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				0.	70				
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ²	φ	-				0.	65				
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ²	φ	-				0.	60				
		.,	lb	8,800	16,000	24,800	35,200	48,000	63,200	80,000	101,600	
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	(kN)	(39.1)	(71.2)	(110.3)	(156.6)	(213.5)	(281.1)	(355.9)	(452.0)	
706 60	strength		lb	5,280	9,600	14,880	21,120	28,800	37,920	48,000	60,960	
STM A70 Grade 60		V _{sa}	(kN)	(23.5)	(42.7)	(66.2)	(94.0)	(128.1)	(168.7)	(213.5)	(271.2)	
ASTM A706 Grade 60	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis					0.	70				
•	Strength reduction factor ϕ for tension ³	φ					0.	75				
	Strength reduction factor ϕ for shear ³	φ		0.65								

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf

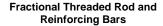
¹ Values provided for common rebar types are based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2) and Eq. (17.7.1.2b), ACI 318-14 Eq. (17.4.1.2) and Eq. (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-14 Eq. (17.2.2). Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod.

³¹⁸⁻¹⁴ Eq. (17.4.1.2) and Eq (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29). Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod.

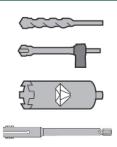
For use with the load combinations of Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC, ACI 318 (-19 and -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.

³ For use with the load combinations of Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC, ACI 318 (-19 and -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3 or ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of *ϕ* must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a ductile steel element.









Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit Diamond Core Bit + Roughening Tool, or Diamond Core Bit

TABLE 7—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD AND REINFORCING BARS ALL DRILLING METHODS¹

						Nomina	l rod dia	meter (i	n.) / Reir	nforcing	bar size)		-
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈ or #3	1/2	#4	⁵ / ₈	#5	3/4	#6	⁷ / ₈	#7	1 or #8	#9	1 ¹ / ₄ or #10
Effectiveness factor for	k	in-lb						1	7					
cracked concrete	K c,cr	(SI)						(7	.1)					
Effectiveness factor for	k _{c.uncr}	in-lb						2	4					
uncracked concrete	N _C ,uncr	(SI)						(1	0)					
Minimum Embedment	h _{ef.min}	in.	2 ³ / ₈	$2^{3}/_{4}$	2 ³ / ₈	31/8	3	31/2	3	31/2	33/8	4	41/2	5
	i iei,iiiii	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(60)	(79)	(76)	(89)	(76)	(89)	(85)	(102)	(114)	(127)
Maximum Embedment	h.	in.	71/2	10	10	12 ¹ / ₂	121/2	15	15	17 ¹ / ₂	17 ¹ / ₂	20	221/2	25
wiaximum Embedment	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(254)	(318)	(318)	(381)	(381)	(445)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)
Min. anchor spacing ³	Smin	in.	1 ⁷ / ₈	$2^{1}/_{2}$	21/2	3 ¹ / ₈	3 ¹ / ₈	33/4	33/4	43/8	4 ³ / ₈	5	5 ⁵ / ₈	61/4
wiiii. aricrior spacing	Smin	(mm)	(48)	(64)	(64)	(79)	(79)	(95)	(95)	(111)	(111)	(127)	(143)	(159)
Min. edge distance ³	Cmin	-	5	id; or se	e Sectior	1 4.1.9 of	f this rep	ort for de	sign with	reduce	d minimu	ım edge	distance	s
Minimum concrete	h _{min}	in.		h _{ef} + 1 ¹ /	4					h _{ef} + 2d ₀	(4)			
thickness	1111111	(mm)		$(h_{ef} + 30)$)					Tier 1 Zuo				
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	C _{ac}	ı					See Se	ction 4.1	.10 of thi	s report.				
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes ²	φ	1						0.	65					
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes ²	φ	-						0.	70					

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

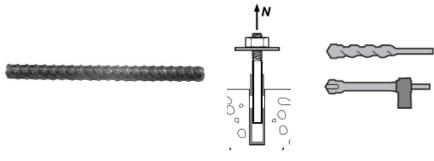
For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Additional setting information is described in Figure 8A and 8B, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

²The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

³For installations with 1³/₄-inch edge distance, refer to Section 4.1.9 for spacing and maximum torque requirements.

 $^{^4}d_0$ = hole diameter.



Fractional Reinforcing Bars

Bond Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit

TABLE 8—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)1

							No	minal reinfo	orcing bar	size		
DESIG	N INFC	DRMATION	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Minimu	ım Emb	pedment	h	in.	23/8	2 ³ / ₈	3	3	33/8	4	4½	5
IVIIIIIII	IIII EIIIK	beament	h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(60)	(76)	(76)	(85)	(102)	(114)	(127)
Maxim	um Em	bedment	h	in.	71/2	10	12½	15	17½	20	22½	25
Maxilli	ulli Elli	beament	h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)
p	e ie	Characteristic bond strength in	_	psi	1,350	1,360	1,390	1,410	1,410	1,420	1,390	1,340
ırate	ratu e A²	cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(9.3)	(9.4)	(9.6)	(9.7)	(9.7)	(9.8)	(9.6)	(9.3)
Satı	Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in	_	psi	1,770	1,740	1,720	1,690	1,670	1,640	1,620	1,590
ter .		uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(12.2)	(12.0)	(11.9)	(11.7)	(11.5)	(11.3)	(11.2)	(11.0)
and Wat Soncrete	Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in	_	psi	930	940	960	970	980	980	960	930
and	e B	cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(6.4)	(6.5)	(6.6)	(6.7)	(6.7)	(6.8)	(6.6)	(6.4)
ete	mpera	Characteristic bond strength in		psi	1,220	1,200	1,190	1,170	1,150	1,130	1,120	1,100
nc	uncracked concrete		T _{k,uncr}	(MPa)	(8.4)	(8.3)	(8.2)	(8.1)	(7.9)	(7.8)	(7.7)	(7.6)
ა გ	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete		-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
۵	Streng	gth Reduction factor	ϕ_{d},ϕ_{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
	ıre 2	Characteristic bond strength in	7.	psi	1,000	1,010	1,040	1,060	1,070	1,090	1,070	1,050
	e A	cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	(MPa)	(6.9)	(6.9)	(7.2)	(7.3)	(7.4)	(7.5)	(7.4)	(7.2)
40	Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in	Tk,uncr	psi	1,300	1,290	1,290	1,280	1,270	1,260	1,240	1,240
Water-filled hole	Tel	uncracked concrete	tk,uncr	(MPa)	(9.0)	(8.9)	(8.9)	(8.8)	(8.7)	(8.7)	(8.6)	(8.6)
eq	ıre 2	Characteristic bond strength in	Th cr	psi	690	700	720	730	740	750	740	720
er-fi	Femperature range B ²	cracked concrete	t K,Cr	(MPa)	(4.7)	(4.8)	(5.0)	(5.0)	(5.1)	(5.2)	(5.1)	(5.0)
Vate	mpera	Characteristic bond strength in	Tk,uncr	psi	900	890	890	880	870	870	860	860
	Te	uncracked concrete	ı K, uncr	(MPa)	(6.2)	(6.1)	(6.1)	(6.1)	(6.0)	(6.0)	(5.9)	(5.9)
	Ancho	or Category	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
		gth Reduction factor	$\phi_{ m wf}$	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
	a Le	Characteristic bond strength in	Tk,cr	psi	860	890	920	940	960	990	970	980
	erati je A	cracked concrete	r,ci	(MPa)	(5.9)	(6.1)	(6.3)	(6.5)	(6.6)	(6.9)	(6.7)	(6.8)
ete	Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in	Tk,uncr	psi	1,140	1,130	1,140	1,140	1,140	1,150	1,130	1,150
nc		uncracked concrete	rk,unci	(MPa)	(7.9)	(7.8)	(7.9)	(7.9)	(7.9)	(7.9)	(7.8)	(8.0)
ορ	Jre 2	Characteristic bond strength in	$\tau_{k,cr}$	psi	590	610	630	650	660	690	670	680
Submerged concrete	Temperature range B ²	cracked concrete	₽K,CF	(MPa)	(4.1)	(4.2)	(4.4)	(4.5)	(4.6)	(4.7)	(4.6)	(4.7)
	mpera ange l	Characteristic bond strength in	Tk,uncr	psi	790	780	790	790	790	790	790	800
Sul	Te	uncracked concrete	ı k,uncr	(MPa)	(5.4)	(5.4)	(5.4)	(5.4)	(5.4)	(5.5)	(5.4)	(5.5)
	Ancho	or Category	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Streng	gth Reduction factor	ϕ_{uw}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Reduct	tion for	seismic tension	αN,seis	-	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.15}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

2 Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly

constant over significant periods of time.







Fractional Reinforcing Bars

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit + **Roughening Tool**

TABLE 9—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DECION I	UEODMATION		0	Unita		Nomin	al reinforcing	bar size	
DESIGN II	NFORMATION		Symbol	Units	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9
Minimum F	Embedment		6	in.	3	3	33/8	4	41/2
IVIIIIIIIIIIII E	embeament		h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(76)	(76)	(85)	(102)	(115)
Maximum	Embedment		h _{ef.max}	in.	12½	11 ¼	17½	20	22½
IVIAXIIIIUIII	Linbeament		I let,max	(mm)	(318)	(286)	(445)	(508)	(573)
ē	Temperature range A ² Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete Characteristic bond strength Characteristic bond strength		Tk.cr	psi	970	990	990	995	970
icre	Temperature		l K,Cr	(MPa)	(6.7)	(6.8)	(6.8)	(6.9)	(6.7)
COU	range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	psi	1,720	1,690	1,670	1,640	1,620
atec			₹K,UNCF	(MPa)	(11.9)	(11.7)	(11.5)	(11.3)	(11.2)
saturated		Characteristic bond strength	Tk.cr	psi	670	680	680	690	670
	Temperature	in cracked concrete	UK,CI	(MPa)	(4.6)	(4.7)	(4.7)	(4.8)	(4.6)
and water	range B ²	Characteristic bond strength	Tk,uncr	psi	1,190	1,170	1,150	1,130	1,120
anc		in uncracked concrete	er,uno	(MPa)	(8.2)	(8.1)	(7.9)	(7.8)	(7.7)
Dry	Anchor Categor	у	-	-	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduc	tion factor	$\phi_{d,}\phi_{ m ws}$	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Reduction	uction for seismic tension			-	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2240 ibit, 1 Mira = 140.0 psi

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength in the range 2,500 psi ≤ f′c ≤ 8,000 psi).

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Fractional Reinforcing Bars

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit

TABLE 10—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT1

DEGL	NUNECOMATION		Cumbal	Units	Nominal reinforcing bar size							
DESIG	SN INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Minim	um Embedment		h	in.	23/8	2 ³ / ₈	3	3	33/8	4	41/2	5
IVIIIIIIII	main Embeament		h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(60)	(76)	(76)	(85)	(102)	(114)	(127)
Movim	imum Embedment		h _{ef,max}	in.	7½	10	12½	15	17½	20	22½	25
IVIAXIII				(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(572)	(635)
. e		Characteristic bond strength in		psi	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150
water	A ²	uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	(MPa)	(8.0)	(8.0)	(8.0)	(8.0)	(8.0)	(8.0)	(8.0)	(8.0)
~ ~		Characteristic bond strength in	Tk.uncr	psi	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
~ a	B ²	B ² uncracked concrete		(MPa)	(5.5)	(5.5)	(5.5)	(5.5)	(5.5)	(5.5)	(5.5)	(5.5)
Dry atura	Anchor Category		-	-	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength Reduction	gth Reduction factor		-	0.55	0.55	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f_c / 2,500)^{0.25} for uncracked concrete. [For SI: (f_c / 17.2)^{0.25}]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

^{17.2} See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

² Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

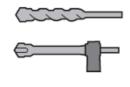
Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi







Fractional Threaded Rod

Bond Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit

TABLE 11—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)1

	DEC	CION INFORMATION	Cumbal	Linita			Nomin	al rod dian	neter (in.)		
	DES	SIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	³ / ₈	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₄
Minimun	n Embed	lmont	h c ·	in.	23/8	23/4	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	5
Willillilli	II EIIIDeu	inent	h ef,min	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(127)
Mavimu	m Embe	dment	h _{ef,max}	in.	7½	10	12½	15	17½	20	25
IVIAXIIIIU	III LIIIDE	unient	i iet,max	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(635)
	Z G	Characteristic bond strength in	T	psi	1,280	1,270	1,260	1,250	1,240	1,240	1,180
	Temperature range A²	cracked concrete	$ au_{\kappa,cr}$	(MPa)	(8.8)	(8.7)	(8.7)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(8.5)	(8.1)
ater e	ang	Characteristic bond strength in	T	psi	2,380	2,300	2,210	2,130	2,040	1,960	1,790
Dry concrete and Water Saturated Concrete		uncracked concrete	$ au_{\kappa, uncr}$	(MPa)	(16.4)	(15.8)	(15.3)	(14.7)	(14.1)	(13.5)	(12.4)
anc Con	Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in	T	psi	880	870	870	860	860	850	810
rete	erati je B	cracked concrete	Т _к ,сr	(MPa)	(6.1)	(6.0)	(6.0)	(5.9)	(5.9)	(5.9)	(5.6)
conc	empera	Characteristic bond strength in	Tuunor	psi	1,640	1,590	1,530	1,470	1,410	1,350	1,240
ory o	ř	uncracked concrete	Тк,uncr	(MPa)	(11.3)	(10.9)	(10.5)	(10.1)	(9.7)	(9.3)	(8.5)
	Anchor	Category	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction factor		φα, φws	$\phi_{\delta_i}\phi_{\omega\sigma}$	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
	ē	Characteristic bond strength in		psi	940	940	940	940	940	950	920
	eratu e A²	cracked concrete	$ au_{\kappa,cr}$	(MPa)	(6.5)	(6.5)	(6.5)	(6.5)	(6.5)	(6.5)	(6.4)
_	Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in	_	psi	1,760	1,700	1,660	1,600	1,550	1,500	1,400
Water-filled hole	T _e	uncracked concrete	$ au_{\kappa, uncr}$	(MPa)	(12.1)	(11.7)	(11.4)	(11.0)	(10.7)	(10.4)	(9.7)
led	<u>e</u> <u></u>	Characteristic bond strength in	Tres	psi	650	650	650	650	650	650	640
er-fii	eratu e B	cracked concrete	1 к,cr	(MPa)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.4)
Wat	Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in	_	psi	1,210	1,170	1,140	1,110	1,070	1,040	970
	Te	uncracked concrete	$\tau_{\kappa,uncr}$	(MPa)	(8.4)	(8.1)	(7.9)	(7.6)	(7.4)	(7.1)	(6.7)
	Anchor	Category	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength	Reduction factor	Φ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
	z re	Characteristic bond strength in		psi	820	830	830	840	850	860	860
	Temperature range A ²	cracked concrete	$ au_{\kappa,cr}$	(MPa)	(5.7)	(5.7)	(5.8)	(5.8)	(5.9)	(5.9)	(5.9)
əte	mpe	Characteristic bond strength in	σ	psi	1,530	1,500	1,470	1,430	1,400	1,370	1,300
nci		uncracked concrete	$ au_{\kappa, uncr}$	(MPa)	(10.6)	(10.3)	(10.1)	(9.9)	(9.6)	(9.4)	(9.0)
<u>5</u>	2 re	Characteristic bond strength in	7	psi	570	570	580	580	590	590	590
erge	erati	cracked concrete	Т _к ,сr	(MPa)	(3.9)	(3.9)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)	(4.1)	(4.1)
Submerged concrete	Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in	<i>τ</i>	psi	1,060	1,030	1,010	990	960	940	900
ઝ	¥	uncracked concrete	Тк,uncr	(MPa)	(7.3)	(7.1)	(7.0)	(6.8)	(6.6)	(6.5)	(6.2)
	Anchor	Category	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength	Reduction factor	фим	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Reduction	on for sei	smic tension	αn,seis	-	0.92	0.93	0.95	1	1	1	1

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f'c, between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.15}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

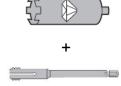
2 Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Fractional Threaded Rod

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit + **Roughening Tool**

TABLE 12—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT THREADED RODS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DEOLO			0	11.26		Nomina	l rod diamet	er (in.)	
DESIG	INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	11/4
Minima	ım Embedment		b	in.	31/8	31/2	3½	4	5
IVIIIIIII	ani Embeament		h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(127)
Mavim	um Embedment		h	in.	12½	11¼	17½	20	25
Maxiiii	um Embeament		h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(318)	(286)	(445)	(508)	(635)
te		Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete	_	psi	880	875	870	870	825
water saturated concrete	Temperature	cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(6.1)	(6.0)	(6.0)	(6.0)	(5.7)
	range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in	$ au_{k.uncr}$	psi	2,210	2,130	2,040	1,960	1,790
		uncracked concrete	T _k ,uncr	(MPa)	(15.3)	(14.7)	(14.1)	(13.5)	(12.4)
tura		Characteristic bond strength in		psi	610	605	605	600	570
r. Sa	Temperature	cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	(MPa)	(4.2)	(4.2)	(4.2)	(4.1)	(3.9)
/ate	range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in		psi	1,530	1,470	1,410	1,350	1,240
<u>م</u> ک	uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(MPa)	(10.5)	(10.1)	(9.7)	(9.3)	(8.5)	
Dry and	Anchor Category	Anchor Category		-	1	1	1	1	1
۵	Strength Reducti	on factor	φd, φws	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Reduc	tion for seismic ter	nsion	α _{N,seis}	·	0.95	1	1	1	1

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Fractional Threaded Rod

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit

TABLE 13—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL THREADED RODS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT1

					_						
DESIGN	INFORMATION		Symbol	Units			Nomin	al rod diame	ter (in.)		
DESIGN	INFORMATION		Syllibol	Units	³ / ₈	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 1/4
Minimum	n Embedment		6	in.	2 ³ / ₈	23/4	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	5
Willimit	n Embeament		h _{ef,min}	(mm)	(60)	(70)	(79)	(89)	(89)	(102)	(127)
Maximu	Maximum Embedment		6	in.	7½	10	12½	15	17½	20	25
Maximu	n Embeament		h _{ef,max}	(mm)	(191)	(254)	(318)	(381)	(445)	(508)	(635)
	Temperature	Characteristic bond		psi	1,550	1,550	1,550	1,550	1,550	1,550	1,550
ncrete and saturated	range A ² strength in uncracke		$ au_{k,uncr}$	(MPa)	(10.7)	(10.7)	(10.7)	(10.7)	(10.7)	(10.7)	(10.7)
ncrete satura	Temperature	Characteristic bond		psi	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,070
Dry concrete Water satura	range B ²	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(7.4)
Wa	Anchor Category		-	-	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength Reduction factor		φ _d , φ _{ws}	-	0.55	0.55	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.25}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength in the range 2,500 psi ≤ f'c ≤ 8,000 psi.

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.





Metric Threaded Rod and EU Metric **Reinforcing Bars**

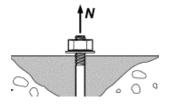
Steel Strength

TABLE 14—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD AND EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS

	TABLE 14—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD AND EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS											
DESIG	IN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	- T		<u> </u>	24	27	30
			mm									
Rod O	utside Diameter	d	(in.)	(0.31)	(0.39)	(0.47).79)	(0.94)	(1.06)	(1.18)
			mm ²	36.6	58.0	84.3		, ,	245	353	459	561
Rod ef	fective cross-sectional area	Ase	(in. ²)	(0.057)	(0.090)	(0.13				(0.547)	(0.711)	(0.870)
-			kN	18.3	29.0	42.0	78		22.5	176.5	229.5	280.5
	Nominal strength as governed	N _{sa}	(lb)	(4,114)	(6,519)	(9,47)	6) (17,6	647) (27	7,539) (39,679)	(51,594)	(63,059)
	by steel strength		kN	11.0	14.5	25.5	-		73.5	106.0	137.5	168.5
8-1		V _{sa}	(lb)	(2,648)	(3,260)	(5,68				23,807)	(30,956)	(37,835)
ISO 898-1 Class 5.8	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	(2,0.0)	(0,200)	(0,00	, (,	1.00	,,020)		(00,000)	(0.,000)
<u> </u>	Strength reduction factor for											
	tension ²	φ	-					0.65				
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	ϕ	-					0.60				
		N _{sa}	kN	29.3	46.5	67.5	125	5.5	96.0	282.5	367.0	449.0
	Nominal strength as governed		(lb)	(6,582)	(10,431)	(15,16	(28,2	236) (44	1,063) (63,486)	(82,550)	(100,894)
	by steel strength	V	kN	17.6	23.0	40.5	75	.5 1	17.5	169.5	220.5	269.5
.86		V _{sa}	(lb)	(3,949)	(5,216)	(9,09	7) (16,9	942) (26	6,438) (38,092)	(49,530)	(60,537)
SO 898-1 Class 8.8	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-					1.00				
<u> </u>	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-					0.65				
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²											
			kN	25.6	40.6	59.0	109	9.9 1	71.5	247.1	229.5	280.5
	Nominal strength as governed	N _{sa}	(lb)	(5,760)	(9,127)	(13,26	6) (24,7	706) (38	3,555) (55,550)	(51,594)	(63,059)
3 3	by steel strength		kN	15.4	20.3	35.4	65	.9 1	02.9	148.3	137.7	168.3
1 Cl		V _{sa}	(lb)	(3,456)	(4,564)	(7,960	0) (14,8	324) (23	3,133) (33,330)	(30,956)	(37,835)
SO 3506-1 Class A4 Stainless ³	Reduction for seismic shear	$lpha_{V, { m seis}}$	-		1		1	0.80		W.	'	
ISO (Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-					0.65				
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-					0.60				
						N	ominal rein	forcing bar	diameter (m	ım)		
DESIG	IN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	14	16	20	25	28	30	32
Nomin	al bar diameter	d	mm	10.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	20.0	25.0	28.0	30.0	32.0
NOITIIII	ai bai diametei	u	(in.)	(0.394)	(0.472)	(0.551)	(0.630)	(0.787)	(0.984)	(1.102)	(1.224)	(1.260)
Por off	antivo orono poetional area	_	mm ²	78.5	113.1	153.9	201.1	314.2	490.9	615.8	706.9	804.2
Dai eli	ective cross-sectional area	Ase	(in.²)	(0.122)	(0.175)	(0.239)	(0.312)	(0.487)	(0.761)	(0.954)	(1.096)	(1.247)
		Α.,	kN	43.0	62.0	84.5	110.5	173.0	270.0	338.5	388.8	442.5
0	Nominal strength as governed	N _{sa}	(lb)	(9,711)	(13,984)	(19,034)	(24,860)	(38,844)	(60,694)	(76,135)	(87,406)	(99,441)
0/20	by steel strength		kN	26.0	37.5	51.0	66.5	103.0	162.0	203.0	233.3	265.5
3t 55		V _{sa}	(lb)	(5,827)	(8,390)	(11,420)	(14,916)	(23,307)	(36,416)	(45,681)	(52,444)	(59,665)
8 BS	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-				•	0.70	•		•	•
DIN 488 BSt 550/500	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-					0.65				
٥	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-					0.60				
	1	1										

¹ Values provided for common rod and rebar material types are based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2) and Eq. (17.7.1.2b), ACI 318-14 Eq (17.4.1.2) or Eq (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29), as applicable. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod.
 For use with the load combinations of Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC or Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3, or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4. Values correspond to a brittle steel element.
 3 A4-70 Stainless (M8- M24); A4-502 Stainless (M27- M30)







Metric Threaded Rod and EU Metric Reinforcing Bars

Concrete Breakout Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit Diamond Core Bit + Roughening Tool, or Diamond Core Bit

TABLE 15—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD AND EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS ALL DRILLING METHODS¹

						Nominal r	od diame	ter (mm)			
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20	0	24	27	30
Minimum Embedment	h	mm	60	60	70	80	9(0	100	110	120
	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.	5) ((3.9)	(4.3)	(4.7)
Maximum Embedment	h _{ef,max}	mm	160	200	240	320	40	00	480	540	600
	r rer,max	(in.)	(6.3)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(12.6) (15	.7) (18.9)	(21.4)	(23.7)
Min. anchor spacing ³	S _{min}	mm	40	50	60	80	10	00	120	135	150
	G _{IIIII}	(in.)	(1.6)	(2.0)	(2.4)	(3.2)	(3.	9) ((4.7)	(5.3)	(5.9)
Min. edge distance ³	Cmin	-	5d; or s	ee Section	4.1.9 of th	is report fo	or design v	with reduc	ed minim	um edge di	stances
Minimum concrete thickness	b	mm	h _{ef} -	- 30				h _{ef} + 2d _o (4)		
Minimum concrete thickness	h _{min}	(in.)	(h _{ef} +	1 ¹ / ₄)				Tlef + ZUo'	•		
DECICAL INFORMATION	Cumbal	Units			Nomi	nal reinfoi	cing bar	diameter	(mm)		
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10	12	14	16	20	25	28	30	32
Minimum Embedment	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	70	80	80	90	100	112	120	128
	I let,min	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.9)	(4.4)	(4.7)	(5.0)
Maximum Embedment	h _{ef,max}	mm	200	240	280	320	400	500	560	600	640
	i iei,max	(in.)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(11.0)	(12.6)	(15.7)	(19.7)	(22.0)	(23.7)	(25.2)
Min. anchor spacing ³	Smin	mm	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	150	160
	Gillin	(in.)	(2.0)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.2)	(3.9)	(4.9)	(5.5)	(5.9)	(6.3)
Min. edge distance ³	Cmin	-	5d; or s	ee Section	4.1.9 of th	is report fo	or design v	with reduc	ed minim	um edge di	stances
Minimum annuata thinks an	-	mm	h _{ef} + 30				-	+ 2d _o ⁽⁴⁾			
Minimum concrete thickness	h _{min}	(in.)	$(h_{ef} + 1^1/_4)$)			n _{ef} -	+ 2 a _o (*)			
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	Cac	ı			S	ee Section	4.1.10 of	this repor	t.		
Effectiveness factor for		SI					7.1				
cracked concrete	K _{c,cr}	(in-lb)					(17)				
Effectiveness factor for	_	SI					10				
uncracked concrete	K c,uncr	(in-lb)					(24)				
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes ²	φ	-					0.65				
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes ²	φ	-	0.70								

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Additional setting information is described in Figure 8A and 8B, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

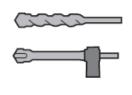
² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

³For installations with 1³/₄-inch edge distance, refer to Section 4.1.9 for spacing and maximum torque requirements.

⁴ d_0 = hole diameter.







EU Metric Reinforcing Bars

Bond Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit

TABLE 16—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)1

DECLO	N INCODMAT	ION	C b. a.l	Linita			Non	ninal reinfo	orcing bar	diameter (mm)		
DESIG	N INFORMAT	ION	Symbol	Units	10	12	14	16	20	25	28	30	32
Minim	ım Embedmen	t	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	70	80	80	90	100	112	120	128
	in Linbeamen		r rer,min	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.9)	(4.4)	(4.7)	(5.0)
Maxim	um Embedmer	nt	h _{ef,max}	mm	200	240	280	320	400	500	560	600	640
		··	, ici,iidx	(in.)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(11.0)	(12.6)	(15.7)	(19.7)	(22.0)	(23.7)	(25.2)
		Characteristic bond strength		MPa	9.3	9.4	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.7	9.5	9.3
4)	Temperature	in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(1,350)	(1,360)	(1,380)	(1,390)	(1,410)	(1,420)	(1,400)	(1,370)	(1,350)
y crete	range A ²	Characteristic bond strength		MPa	12.2	12.1	12.0	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.2	11.1	11.0
and		in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,770)	(1,750)	(1,730)	(1,720)	(1,690)	(1,650)	(1,620)	(1,610)	(1,590)
rrete ated		Characteristic bond strength		MPa	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.5	6.4
Dry concrete and er saturated concrete	Temperature	in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(930)	(940)	(950)	(960)	(970)	(980)	(970)	(950)	(930)
Dry er s	range B ²	Characteristic bond strength		MPa	8.4	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
Dr. Water			Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,220)	(1,210)	(1,200)	(1,190)	(1,160)	(1,140)	(1,120)	(1,110)	(1,100)
	Anchor Category		-		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction factor		ϕ_{d}, ϕ_{ws}		0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
		Characteristic bond strength	_	MPa	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.2
	Temperature	in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(1,000)	(1,010)	(1,020)	(1,040)	(1,070)	(1,080)	(1,080)	(1,070)	(1,050)
	range A ² C	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	_	MPa	9.0	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.6	8.6
ole			$\tau_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,310)	(1,300)	(1,280)	(1,280)	(1,270)	(1,250)	(1,250)	(1,250)	(1,240)
ų pe		Characteristic bond strength		MPa	4.7	4.8	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.0
Water-filled hole	Temperature	in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(690)	(700)	(700)	(720)	(740)	(740)	(740)	(740)	(720)
Wat	range B ²	Characteristic bond strength		MPa	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9
		in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(900)	(890)	(890)	(890)	(880)	(870)	(860)	(860)	(860)
	Anchor Catego	ory	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength Redu	uction factor	$\phi_{ m wf}$	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
		Characteristic bond strength		MPa	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.6	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8
	Temperature	in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(880)	(890)	(890)	(920)	(960)	(980)	(980)	(990)	(980)
ete	range A ²	Characteristic bond strength	_	MPa	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.8	7.9	8.0	8.0
onci		in uncracked concrete	T _{k,uncr}	(psi)	(1,140)	(1,140)	(1,130)	(1,140)	(1,140)	(1,140)	(1,140)	(1,150)	(1,160)
o pe		Characteristic bond strength	$ au_{k,cr}$	MPa	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
nerg	Temperature	in cracked concrete	·	(psi)	(600) 5.4	(610)	(620) 5.4	(630)	(660)	(680) 5.4	(680)	(680)	(680)
Submerged concrete	range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	MPa		5.4		5.4	5.4		5.4	5.5	5.5
(C)				(psi)	(790)	(780)	(780)	(790)	(790)	(780)	(790)	(800)	(800)
	Anchor Catego	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength Redu		фим	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Reduc	tion for seismic	tension	α <i>N</i> ,seis	-	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.25}$] and $(f_c/2,500)^{0.15}$ for cracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.15}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

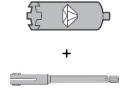
²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







EU Metric Reinforcing Bars

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit + **Roughening Tool**

TABLE 17—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL1

DECIO	N INFORMAT	ION	Completed	Units		Nominal rei	nforcing bar dia	ameter (mm)	
DESIG	N INFORMATI	ION	Symbol	Units	14	16	20	25	28
Minim	ım Embedmen	•	h	mm	80	80	90	100	112
IVIIIIIIII	ini Embedinen	ı	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(3.1)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.9)	(4.4)
Movim	um Embedmer	54	h	mm	280	320	400	500	560
IVIAXIIII	um Embeamer	ıı	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(11.0)	(12.6)	(15.7)	(19.7)	(22.0)
	Characteristic bond strength in cracked Temperature		_	MPa	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.8
ated concrete	Temperature	concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(965)	(970)	(985)	(995)	(980)
	range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	_	MPa	12.0	11.8	11.6	11.4	11.2
			Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,730)	(1,720)	(1,690)	(1,650)	(1,620)
saturated		Characteristic bond strength in cracked	_	MPa	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.7
	Temperature	a a m a r a t a	Tk,cr	(psi)	(665)	(670)	(680)	(685)	(680)
and water	range B ²	Characteristic bond		MPa	8.3	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.7
	strength in uncracked concrete		Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,200)	(1,190)	(1,160)	(1,140)	(1,120)
Dry	Anchor Categ	Anchor Category		-	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction factor		φ _d , φ _{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Reduct	eduction for seismic tension		αN,seis	-	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

 $^{^1}$ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength in the range 2,500 psi ≤ f'c ≤ 8,000 psi). 2 Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







EU Metric Reinforcing Bars

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit

TABLE 18—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT1

DESIGN	INFORMATION		Complete	Units			Nom	ninal reinfo	orcing bar	diameter (mm)		
DESIGN	INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	10	12	14	16	20	25	28	30	32
Minimo	F		L	mm	60	70	80	80	90	100	112	120	128
Wiinimum	Embedment		h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.9)	(4.4)	(4.7)	(5.0)
Maximum	Maximum Embedment		h	mm	200	240	280	320	400	500	560	600	640
waximun	Maximum Embedment		h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(11.0)	(12.6)	(15.7)	(19.7)	(22.0)	(23.7)	(25.2)
	Temperature	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked	-	MPa	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
turate	range A ²	concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)
er Sa crete	Temperature	Characteristic bond	-	MPa	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
d Wat cond	Temperature range A ² concrete Temperature range B ² Temperature range B ² Temperature range B ² Temperature range B ² Anchor Category		Tk,uncr	(psi)	(800)	(800)	(800)	(800)	(800)	(800)	(800)	(800)	(800)
ry and	Anchor Category		ı		2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength Reduction factor		$\phi_{d,}\phi_{ws}$		0.55	0.55	0.55	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.25}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

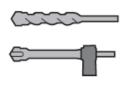
²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Metric Threaded Rod

Bond Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit

TABLE 19—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED RODS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)1

					,			lominal rod o		n)		
DESI	GN INF	FORMATION	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Minin	um Em	nbedment	h	mm	60	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
IVIIIIIII	IUIII LII	ibedifient	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.9)	(4.3)	(4.7)
Maxir	num Er	mbedment	h _{ef,max}	mm	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
	1	_	rici,max	(in.)	(6.3)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(12.6)	(15.7)	(18.9)	(21.4)	(23.7)
Φ	e i	Characteristic bond strength in cracked	T _{k,cr}	MPa	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.7	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.4
cret	e A ²	concrete	t K,CI	(psi)	(1,280)	(1,280)	(1,270)	(1,260)	(1,250)	(1,240)	(1,230)	(1,220)
Son	Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond		MPa	16.7	16.3	16.0	15.2	14.5	13.8	13.2	12.7
ited	Te T	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(2,420)	(2,370)	(2,320)	(2,210)	(2,100)	(2,000)	(1,920)	(1,840)
atura	ē	Characteristic bond		MPa	6.1	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.8
Š	ratur B ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(890)	(880)	(880)	(870)	(860)	(860)	(850)	(840)
Nate	mpe	Characteristic bond		MPa	11.5	11.3	11.0	10.5	10.0	9.5	9.1	8.7
Dry and Water Saturated Concrete	Temperature range B ²	strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,670)	(1,630)	(1,600)	(1,520)	(1,450)	(1,380)	(1,320)	(1,270)
Jr,	Anchor	r Category	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strengt	th Reduction factor	φ _{d,} φ _{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
-	Ф	Characteristic bond		MPa	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
	ratur e A²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(940)	(940)	(940)	(940)	(940)	(940)	(950)	(950)
d hole Tempera	empera range ,	Characteristic bond		MPa	12.3	12.1	11.8	11.4	11.0	10.5	10.2	9.8
	Tel	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,780)	(1,750)	(1,710)	(1,650)	(1,590)	(1,520)	(1,470)	(1,430)
eq	Ф	Characteristic bond		MPa	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
er-fil	Temperature range B ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(650)	(650)	(650)	(650)	(650)	(650)	(650)	(650)
Wat	empera range	Characteristic bond		MPa	8.5	8.3	8.2	7.9	7.6	7.2	7.0	6.8
	Ter	strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,230)	(1,210)	(1,180)	(1,140)	(1,100)	(1,050)	(1,020)	(990)
	Anchor	r Category	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Strengt	th Reduction factor	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
	Ф	Characteristic bond		MPa	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.0
	rature A ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(820)	(820)	(830)	(830)	(840)	(860)	(870)	(870)
æ	Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond		MPa	10.7	10.5	10.4	10.1	9.8	9.5	9.3	9.1
ncre	Tel	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,550)	(1,530)	(1,500)	(1,460)	(1,420)	(1,380)	(1,350)	(1,320)
0 p	Φ	Characteristic bond		MPa	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.2
Submerged concrete	Temperature range B ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(570)	(570)	(570)	(580)	(580)	(590)	(600)	(600)
mqr	mpel	Characteristic bond		MPa	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.4	6.3
ง	Ter	strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,070)	(1,060)	(1,040)	(1,010)	(980)	(950)	(930)	(910)
	Anchor	r Category	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Streng	th Reduction factor	$\phi_{\sf uw}$	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Redu	ction fo	r seismic tension	$lpha_{N,seis}$	-	1	0.92	0.93	0.95	1	1	1	1

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.15}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Metric Threaded Rod

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit + Roughening Tool

TABLE 20—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED RODS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL¹

DEC	ION INFORMA	TION	Committee of	Unita		Nomi	nal rod diameter	r (mm)	
DESI	IGN INFORMA	TION	Symbol	Units	16	20	24	27	30
Minin	num Embedme	m#	6	mm	80	90	100	110	120
IVIIIIII	num Embeame	erit.	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.9)	(4.3)	(4.7)
Mavi	mum Embedme		h	mm	320	400	480	540	600
IVIAXII	mum Embeame	ent	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(12.6)	(15.7)	(18.9)	(21.4)	(23.7)
ete		Characteristic bond trength		MPa	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9
concrete	Temp.	in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(880)	(875)	(870)	(860)	(855)
8	range A ²	Characteristic bond trength in uncracked concrete		Мра	15.2	14.5	13.8	13.2	12.7
ated			Tk,uncr	(psi)	(2,210)	(2,100)	(2,000)	(1,920)	(1,840)
saturated		Characteristic bond trength		MPa	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.1
rsa	Temp.	in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(610)	(605)	(600)	(595)	(590)
water	range B ²	Characteristic bond trength	_	MPa	10.5	10.0	9.5	9.1	8.7
> 0		in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,520)	(1,450)	(1,385)	(1,320)	(1,270)
/ and	Anchor Category		-	-	1	1	1	1	1
Dry	Strength Red	duction factor	φ _d , φ _{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Redu	duction for seismic tension		$lpha_{N, { m seis}}$	-	0.95	1	1	1	1

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Metric Threaded Rod

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit

TABLE 21—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED RODS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT

			V.	MIN A L	JIAWONL	COREB						
DESIGN	INFORMATI	ON	Symbol	Units			No	minal rod o	diameter (n	nm)		
DESIGN	IN OKWATI	SI V	Symbol	Units	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Minimum	Embedment		6	mm	60	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
Willimittutti	Embeament		h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(2.4)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(3.9)	(4.3)	(4.7)
M	laximum Embedment		h _{ef.max}	mm	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
waximum	Maximum Embedment			(in.)	(6.3)	(7.9)	(9.4)	(12.6)	(15.7)	(18.9)	(21.4)	(23.7)
	Temp. Characteristic bond strength			MPa	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.7
atec	range A ²	in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,550)	(1,550)	(1,550)	(1,550)	(1,550)	(1,550)	(1,550)	(1,550)
Ory and oncrete	Temp.	Characteristic bond strength		MPa	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4
> ∞ ≥	range B ²	in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(1,070)
Dr Water co	Anchor Cate	gory	-	-	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
>	Strength Red	duction factor	$\phi_{d,} \phi_{ws}$	-	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

*Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.25}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength in the range 2,500 psi ≤ f'c ≤ 8,000 psi).

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.



Canadian Reinforcing Bars

Steel Strength

TABLE 22—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS1

DEC	IGN INFORMATION	Cumbal	Units		Nomin	al reinforcing b	ar size		
DES	IGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M	
Nom	inal bar diameter	d	mm	11.3	16.0	19.5	25.2	29.9	
INOIII	illai bai dialiletei	u	(in.)	(0.445)	(0.630)	(0.768)	(0.992)	(1.177)	
Bor	effective cross-sectional area	A _{se}	mm²	100.3	201.1	298.6	498.8	702.2	
Dai	enective cross-sectional area	Ase	(in.²)	(0.155)	(0.312)	(0.463)	(0.773)	(1.088)	
		M	kN	54.0	108.5	161.5	270.0	380.0	
	Nominal strength as governed by steel	N _{sa}	(lb)	(12,175)	(24,408)	(36,255)	(60,548)	(85,239)	
_	strength	Vsa	kN	32.5	65.0	97.0	161.5	227.5	
G30		V sa	(lb)	(7,305)	(14,645)	(21,753)	(36,329)	(51,144)	
CSA	Reduction for seismic shear	αv,seis	-	0.70					
O	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-	0.65					
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²		-	0.60					

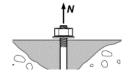
For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

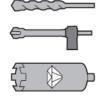
For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Values provided for common rod material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2) and Eq. (17.7.1.2b), ACI 318-14 Eq (17.4.1.2) or Eq (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29), as applicable. Other material specifications are admissible.

²For use with the load combinations of ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable.







Canadian Reinforcing Bars

Concrete Breakout Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit or Diamond Core Bit

TABLE 23—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT), OR DIAMOND CORE BIT

DECION INFORMATION	Comple at	Hadea		Nonm	inal reinforcing b	ar size	
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	10 M	15 M	20 M	25 M	30 M
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	k	SI			7.1		
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	K _{c,cr}	(in-lb)			(17)		
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	k _{c,uncr}	SI			10		
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	N c,uncr	(in-lb)			(24)		
Minimum Embedment	h	mm	60	80	90	101	120
- Indeament	h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(4.0)	(4.7)
Maximum Embedment	h .	mm	226	320	390	504	598
	h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(8.9)	(12.6)	(15.4)	(19.8)	(23.5)
Min. bar spacing ³		mm	57	80	98	126	150
wiiii. bai spacing	Smin	(in.)	(2.2)	(3.1)	(3.8)	(5.0)	(5.9)
Min. edge distance ³		mm	Ed: or oog Coatio	on 4.1.0 of this ron	ort for design with	raduand minimum	odgo diotopoo
wiiri. eage distance	C _{min}	(in.)	ou, or see section	011 4.1.9 OI IIIIS TEP	on for design with	reduced minimum	i euge distances
Minimum concrete thickness	h	mm	h _{ef} + 30		h .	2d _o ⁽⁴⁾	
Willimum concrete thickness	h _{min}	(in.)	$(h_{ef} + 1^{1}/_{4})$		Hef +	2U ₀ (1)	
Critical edge distance – splitting	Cac	_		See Se	ction 4.1.10 of this	report	
(for uncracked concrete)	Oac			000 00		э торога.	
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete	φ	-			0.65		
failure modes ²	, r						
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes ²	φ	-			0.70		
modes							

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Additional setting information is described in Figure 8A, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII).

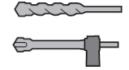
² The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

³For installations with 1³/₄-inch edge distance, refer to Section 4.1.9 for spacing and maximum torque requirements.

⁴ d_0 = hole diameter.







Canadian Reinforcing Bars

Bond Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit

TABLE 24—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT) 1

DEGIGNI	INICODIALTION		0			Nomi	nal reinforcing ba	ar size	
DESIGN	INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	10M	15M	20M	25M	30M
Minimum	Cook a domant		6	mm	60	80	90	101	120
wiinimum	Embedment		h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(2.4)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(4.0)	(4.7)
Maximum	Temperature range B ² Temperature range B ² Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete Anchor Category		h _{ef,max}	mm	226	320	390	504	598
		1	rioi,max	(in.)	(8.9)	(12.6)	(15.4)	(19.8)	(23.5)
crete			Tk,cr	MPa	9.4	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.5
Con			77,07	(psi)	(1,360)	(1,390)	(1,410)	(1,420)	(1,380)
ated	range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked	7.	MPa	12.1	11.8	11.7	11.3	11.1
atura		concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,760)	(1,720)	(1,690)	(1,650)	(1,610)
er S		Characteristic bond strength in cracked	_	MPa	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.5
Wat	Temperature	concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(940)	(960)	(970)	(980)	(950)
and	range B ²	Characteristic bond		MPa	8.4	8.2	8.0	7.8	7.7
rete		strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,210)	(1,190)	(1,170)	(1,140)	(1,110)
Sonc	Anchor Category		-	-	1	1	1	1	1
Dry	Strength Reducti	on factor	$\phi_{d,}\phi_{ws}$	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
		Characteristic bond		MPa	6.9	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.3
	Temperature	strength in cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	(psi)	(1,010)	(1,040)	(1,060)	(1,080)	(1,060)
	range A ²	Characteristic bond		MPa	8.9	8.9	8.8	8.6	8.5
<u>e</u>		strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,300)	(1,280)	(1,270)	(1,250)	(1,240)
ed h		Characteristic bond		MPa	4.8	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.0
Water-filled hole	Temperature	strength in cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	(psi)	(700)	(720)	(730)	(740)	(730)
Wat	range B ²	Characteristic bond		MPa	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9
		strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(900)	(890)	(880)	(860)	(850)
	Anchor Category		-	-	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength Reducti	on factor	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
		Characteristic bond		MPa	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.8	6.6
	Temperature	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(880)	(920)	(940)	(980)	(960)
4)	range A ²	Characteristic bond		MPa	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8
crete		strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,130)	(1,140)	(1,140)	(1,140)	(1,130)
lcon		Characteristic bond		MPa	4.2	4.4	4.5	4.7	4.6
rged	Characteristic strength in cra		Tk,cr	(psi)	(610)	(630)	(650)	(680)	(660)
Submerged concrete	range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked	Tk,uncr	MPa	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4
		concrete	*n,ano	(psi)	(780)	(790)	(780)	(780)	(780)
	Anchor Category		-	-	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength Reducti	on factor	$\phi_{ m uw}$	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Reduction	n for seismic tensi	on	$lpha_{N, { m seis}}$	-	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.25}$] and $(f_c/2,500)^{0.15}$ for cracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.15}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over this intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are rounded.

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Canadian Reinforcing Bars

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit + Roughening Tool

TABLE 25A—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL

DESIGN	INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	Nominal reinfo	orcing bar size
DESIGN	INFORMATION		Symbol	Units	15M	20M
Minimun	n Embedment		h	mm	80	90
IVIIIIIIIIIIII	II EIIIDeament		h _{ef,min}	(in.)	(3.1)	(3.5)
Maximuu	m Embedment		h _{ef.max}	mm	320	390
waxiiiiui	III EIIIDeament		I lef,max	(in.)	(12.6)	(15.4)
		Characteristic bond strength in		MPa	6.7	6.8
ъ		cracked concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	(psi)	(970)	(985)
ate	Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in	n _{Tk,uncr}	MPa	11.8	11.7
and Water Saturated concrete		uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,720)	(1,690)
Water Sa		Characteristic bond strength in		MPa	4.6	4.7
ate	Temperature range B ²	cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(psi)	(670)	(680)
≥ 8	remperature range b	Characteristic bond strength in	_	MPa	8.2	8.0
anc		uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(1,190)	(1,170)
Dry	Anchor Category				1	1
_	Strength Reduction factor				0.65	0.65
Reduction	on for seismic tension		$lpha_{N, { m seis}}$	-	0.9	0.9

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Canadian Reinforcing Bars

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit

TABLE 25B—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR CANADIAN METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT1

DESIGNI	NFORMATION		Symbol	Units		Nomina	al reinforcing	bar size	
DESIGN	INFORMATION		Syllibol	Units	10M	15M	20M	25M	30M
Minimum	linimum Embedment		h _{ef.min}	mm	60	80	90	101	120
- IVIII III III III	inimum Embedment		r rei,min	(in.)	(2.4)	(3.1)	(3.5)	(4.0)	(4.7)
Maximum	avimum Emhedment		h.	mm	226	320	390	504	598
Maximum	Maximum Embedment		h _{ef,max}	(in.)	(8.9)	(12.6)	(15.4)	(19.8)	(23.5)
te	Tomporeture renge A2	Characteristic bond strength in		MPa	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
iter	Temperature range A ²	uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(psi)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)	(1,150)
Water	Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in	_	MPa	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
and	uncracked concrete		$ au_{k,uncr}$	(psi)	(800)	(800)	(800)	(800)	(800)
ory a	Anchor Category			-	2	3	3	3	3
Sat	Temperature range B² uncracked concrete Anchor Category Strength Reduction factor		φd, φws	-	0.55	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of ($f_c/2,500$)0.25 for uncracked concrete [For SI: ($f_c/17.2$)0.25]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength in the range 2,500 psi ≤ f'c ≤ 8,000 psi).

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.





Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN **Internal Threaded Insert**

Steel Strength

TABLE 26—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HIS-N AND HIS-RN THREADED INSERTS1

DESIG	ON INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nomina		o Screw Dactional	iameter	Units	No	ominal Bo	lt/Cap Scr mm) Metri		ter
			· · · · · ·	³ / ₈	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4		8	10	12	16	20
HIS In	sert O.D.	D	in.	0.65	0.81	1.00	1.09	mm	12.5	16.5	20.5	25.4	27.6
			(mm)	(16.5)	(20.5)	(25.4)	(27.6)	(in.)	(0.49)	(0.65)	(0.81)	(1.00)	(1.09)
HIS in	sert length	1	in.	4.33 (110)	4.92 (125)	6.69 (170)	8.07 (205)	mm (in.)	90 (3.54)	110 (4.33)	125 (4.92)	170 (6.69)	205
Polt of	ffootive erose		(mm) in. ²	0.0775	0.1419	0.2260	0.3345	mm ²	36.6	58	84.3	157	(8.07) 245
	nal area	Δ		(50)	(92)	(146)	(216)	(in.²)	(0.057)	(0.090)	(0.131)	(0.243)	(0.380)
HIS in	sert effective cross-		in.²	0.178	0.243	0.404	0.410	mm²	51.5	108	169.1	256.1	237.6
	nal area	Ainsert	(mm²)	(115)	(157)	(260)	(265)	(in.²)				(0.368)	
	Nominal steel		lb	9,690	17,740	28,250	41,815	kN	-	-	-	-	-
B7	strength – ASTM	N _{sa}	(kN)	(43.1)	(78.9)	(125.7)	(186.0)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
ASTM A193	A193 B7 ³ bolt/cap	V _{sa}	lb	5,815	10,645	16,950	25,090	kN	-	-	-	-	-
Σ	screw	Vsa	(kN)	(25.9)	(47.3)	(75.4)	(111.6)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
AST	Nominal steel		lb	12,645	17,250	28,680	29,145	kN	-	-	-	-	-
	strength – HIS-N insert	N _{sa}	(kN)	(56.3)	(76.7)	(127.6)	(129.7)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
	Naminal atasl	N/	lb	8,525	15,610	24,860	36,795	kN	-	-	-	-	-
SS SS	Nominal steel strength – ASTM	N _{sa}	(kN)	(37.9)	(69.4)	(110.6)	(163.7)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
ASTM A193 rade B8M S	A193 Grade B8M SS bolt/cap screw	V _{sa}	lb	5,115	9,365	14,915	22,075	kN	-	-	-	-	-
STM de E	boli/cap screw	Vsa	(kN)	(22.8)	(41.7)	(66.3)	(98.2)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
ASTN Grade	Nominal steel		lb	18,065	24,645	40,970	41,635	kN	-	-	-	-	-
	strength – HIS-RN insert	N _{sa}	(kN)	(80.4)	(109.6)	(182.2)	(185.2)	(lb)	-	-	-	-	-
	Nominal steel	N _{sa}	lb	-	-	-	-	kN	29.5	46.5	67.5	125.5	196.0
- ~	strength – ISO 898-1	IVsa	(kN)	-	-	-	-	(lb)	(6,582)	(10,431)	(15,161)	(28,236)	(44,063)
-869 8 8 8	Class 8.8 bolt/cap screw	V _{sa}	lb	-	-	-	-	kN	17.5	28.0	40.5	75.5	117.5
SO 898-1 Class 8.8	Sciew	V _{Sa}	(kN)	-	-	-	-	(lb)	(3,949)	(6,259)	(9,097)	(16,942)	(26,438)
<u> </u>	Nominal steel strength –	N _{sa}	lb	-	-	-	-	kN	25.0	53.0	83.0	125.5	116.5
	HIS-N insert	IVsa	(kN)	-	-	-	-	(lb)	(5,669)	(11,894)	(18,628)	(28,210)	(26,176)
	Nominal steel		lb	-	-	-	-	kN	25.5	40.5	59.0	110.0	171.5
Class	strength – ISO 3506- 1 Class A4-70	N _{sa}	(kN)	ı	-	-	-	(lb)	(5,760)	(9,127)	(13,266)	(24,706)	(38,555)
)6-1 Clasi Stainless	Stainless bolt/cap	V _{sa}	lb	-	-	-	-	kN	15.5	24.5	35.5	66.0	103.0
დ 0	screw	V sa	(kN)	-	-	-	-	(lb)	(3,456)	(5,476)	(7,960)	(14,824)	(23,133)
(1)	Nominal steel strength –		lb	-	-	-	-	kN	36.0	75.5	118.5	179.5	166.5
			(16,991)	(26,612)	(40,300)	(37,394)							
Reduc	Reduction for seismic shear $\alpha_{V,seis}$ - 0.94 - 0.94												
Strength reduction factor for tension ϕ - 0.65 - 0.65													
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²		=		0.	60		-			0.60		

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

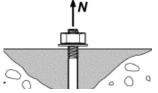
1 Values provided for common rod material types based on specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2) and Eq. (17.7.1.2b), ACI 318-14 Eq (17.4.1.2) or Eq (17.5.1.2b) or ACl 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29), as applicable. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod.

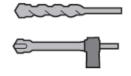
2For use with the load combinations of ACl 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACl 318-11 9.2, as applicable, as set forth in ACl 318-19 17.5.3, ACl 318-14 17.3.3 or ACl 318-11

D.4.3, as applicable. Values correspond to a brittle steel element for the HIS insert.

³For the calculation of the design steel strength in tension and shear for the bolt or screw, the ϕ factor for ductile steel failure according to ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, can be used







Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN **Internal Threaded Insert**

Concrete Breakout Strength

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit

TABLE 27—CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)1

DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Units	Nomina	l Bolt/Cap (in.) Fra	Screw Dactional	Diameter	Units	No	minal Bol (r	t/Cap Scr nm) Metr		eter
			3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4		8	10	12	16	20
Effectiveness factor for	k	in-lb		1	7		SI			7.1		
cracked concrete	k _{c,cr}	(SI)		(7	.1)		(in-lb)			(17)		
Effectiveness factor for	k	in-lb		2	4		SI			10		
uncracked concrete	k _{c,uncr}	(SI)		(1	0)		(in-lb)			(24)		
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	in.	43/8	5	63/4	81/8	mm	90	110	125	170	205
	l let	(mm)	(110)	(125)	(170)	(205)	(in.)	(3.5)	(4.3)	(4.9)	(6.7)	(8.1)
Min. anabar anaging ³		in.	31/4	4	5	5 ¹ / ₂	mm	63	83	102	127	140
Min. anchor spacing ³	Smin	(mm)	(83)	(102)	(127)	(140)	(in.)	(2.5)	(3.25)	(4.0)	(5.0)	(5.5)
Min adaa diatanaa3		in.	31/4	4	5	5 ¹ / ₂	mm	63	83	102	127	140
Min. edge distance ³	Cmin	(mm)	(83)	(102)	(127)	(140)	(in.)	(2.5)	(3.25)	(4.0)	(5.0)	(5.5)
Minimum concrete	b	in.	5.9	6.7	9.1	10.6	mm	120	150	170	230	270
thickness	h _{min}	(mm)	(150)	(170)	(230)	(270)	(in.)	(4.7)	(5.9)	(6.7)	(9.1)	(10.6)
Critical edge distance – splitting (for uncracked concrete)	Cac	-	See S	Section 4.1	.10 of this	report	-	See Section 4.1.10 of this report				rt
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes ²	nsion, concrete failure ϕ - 0.65			-			0.65					
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes ²	φ	-		0.	70		-			0.70		

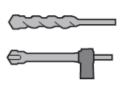
For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897MPa.

¹Additional setting information is described in Figure 8A, Manufacturers Printed Installation Instructions (MPII). ²The strength reduction factor applies when the load combinations from the IBC or ACI 318 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are met. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate strength reduction factor must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

³For installations with 1³/₄-inch edge distance, refer to Section 4.1.9 for spacing and maximum torque requirements.







Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN **Internal Threaded Insert**

Carbide Bit or Hilti Hollow Carbide Bit

TABLE 28—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT (OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE DRILL BIT)1

					Nominal	bolt/cap s	crew diam	neter (in.)		Nor	ninal bolt/o	cap screw	diameter (r	nm)
DESIGN	DESIGN INFORMATION Embedment		Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	Units	8	10	12	16	20
Cook o dos	t		6	in.	4 ³ / ₈	5	63/4	8 ¹ / ₈	mm	90	110	125	170	205
Embean	ient		h _{ef}	(mm)	(110)	(125)	(170)	(205)	(in.)	(3.5)	(4.3)	(4.9)	(6.7)	(8.1)
	ē	Characteristic bond strength in cracked		psi	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,070	MPa	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4
	ratu e A²	concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(7.4)	(psi)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(1,070)	(1,070)
rete	Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond		psi	1,790	1,790	1,790	1,790	MPa	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.3
and	Te _	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(12.3)	(12.3)	(12.3)	(12.3)	(psi)	(1,790)	(1,790)	(1,790)	(1,790)	(1,790)
rete ted o	Φ	Characteristic bond		psi	740	740	740	740	MPa	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
Dry concrete and Water saturated concrete	Temperature range B ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(5.1)	(5.1)	(5.1)	(5.1)	(psi)	(740)	(740)	(740)	(740)	(740)
Dry er sa	mpe ange	Characteristic bond		psi	1,240	1,240	1,240	1,240	MPa	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
Wat	Ē	strength in uncracked concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	(MPa)	(8.5)	(8.5)	(8.5)	(8.5)	(psi)	(1,240)				(1,240)
	Anchor	r Category	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	1 1 1 1			1	
	Streng	th Reduction factor	$\phi_{ extsf{d},}\phi_{ extsf{ws}}$	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	-	0.65				0.65
	Ф	Characteristic bond		psi	800	810	820	820	MPa	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.7
	emperature range A²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(5.5)	(5.6)	(5.7)	(5.7)	(psi)	(790)	(800)	(810)	(820)	(820)
	mpe	Characteristic bond		psi	1,340	1,350	1,370	1,380	MPa	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.5	9.5
Jole	Te	strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(9.2)	(9.3)	(9.5)	(9.5)	(psi)	(1,330)	(1,340)	(1,350)	(1,370)	(1,380)
 	Φ	Characteristic bond		psi	550	560	570	570	MPa	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9
Water-filled hole	Temperature range B ²	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(3.8)	(3.8)	(3.9)	(3.9)	(psi)	(550)	(550)	(560)	(570)	(570)
Wa	empera range l	Characteristic bond		psi	920	930	950	950	MPa	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.6
	Te	strength in uncracked concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	(MPa)	(6.4)	(6.4)	(6.5)	(6.6)	(psi)	(920)	(920)	(930)	(950)	(950)
	Anchor	r Category	-	-	3	3	3	3	-	3	3	3	3	3
	Streng	th Reduction factor	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
	ē	Characteristic bond strength in cracked	_	psi	710	720	750	750	MPa	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2
	Temperature range A ²	concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(4.9)	(5.0)	(5.1)	(5.2)	(psi)	(700)	(710)	(720)	(750)	(750)
Φ	mpe	Characteristic bond		psi	1,190	1,210	1,250	1,260	MPa	8.0	8.2	8.4	8.6	8.7
ncret	Te -	strength in uncracked concrete	T _{k,uncr}	(MPa)	(8.2)	(8.4)	(8.6)	(8.7)	(psi)	(1,160)	(1,190)	(1,210)	(1,250)	(1,260)
8	Characteristic bond			psi	490	500	510	520	MPa	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6
erge	73 1 00 1		Tk,cr	(MPa)	(3.4)	(3.4)	(3.5)	(3.6)	(psi)	(480)	(490)	(500)	(510)	(520)
mgr	strength in cracked concrete Characteristic bond strength in uncracked			psi	820	840	860	870	MPa	5.5	5.6	5.8	5.9	6.0
Strength in uncracked concrete		$ au_{k,uncr}$	(MPa)	(5.6)	(5.8)	(5.9)	(6.0)	(psi)	(800)	(820)	(840)	(860)	(870)	
Anchor Category				-	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3	3
Strength Reduction factor $\phi_{\text{\tiny UW}}$ - 0.45 0.45 0.45 - 0.45 0.45 0.45				0.45										
Reduction	on for se	eismic tension	αN,seis	-	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.25}$] and $(f_c/2,500)^{0.15}$ for cracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.15}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

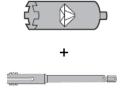
²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN **Internal Threaded Insert**

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit + **Roughening Tool**

TABLE 29—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL1

DESIG	ON INFORMATION	ON	Symbol	Units		al bolt/cap liameter (in		Units	Nominal bo	olt/cap scre (mm)	w diameter
					1/2	5/8	3/4		12	16	20
Embe	dment		hef	in.	5	6¾	8 ¹ / ₈	mm	125	170	205
LIIIDE	ament		rier	(mm)	(125)	(170)	(205)	(in.)	(4.9)	(6.7)	(8.1)
-		Characteristic bond		psi	750	750	750	MPa	5.2	5.2	5.2
Saturated	Temperature	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(5.2)	(psi)	(750)	(750)	(750)
Satu	range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked	_	psi	1,790	1,790	1,790	MPa	12.3	12.3	12.3
		concrete	Tk,uncr	(MPa)	(12.3)	(12.3)	(12.3)	(psi)	(1,790)	(1,790)	(1,790)
l Wa		Characteristic bond		psi	515	515	515	MPa	3.6	3.6	3.6
e and Water Concrete	Temperature	strength in cracked concrete	Tk,cr	(MPa)	(3.6)	(3.6)	(3.6)	(psi)	(515)	(515)	(515)
rete	range B ²	Characteristic bond		psi	1,240	1,240	1,240	MPa	8.5	8.5	8.5
concrete (strength in uncracked concrete	T _{k,uncr}	(MPa)	(8.5)	(8.5)	(8.5)	(psi)	(1,240)	(1,240)	(1,240)
Dry	Anchor Categor	у	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	1
	Strength Reduc	tion factor	$\phi_{d,}\phi_{ws}$	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	-	0.65	0.65	0.65
Reduc	tion for seismic t	ension	αN,seis	-	1	1	1	-	1	1	1

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.







Fractional and Metric HIS-N and HIS-RN Internal Threaded Insert

Bond Strength

Diamond Core Bit

TABLE 30—BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL AND METRIC HILTI HIS-N AND HIS-RN INSERTS IN HOLES CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT1

	CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT													
DESIG	N INFORMATIO	N	Symbol	Units	Nomina	l bolt/cap (iı	screw d	liameter	Units	Nom	inal bolt/c	ap screw	diameter (mm)
					3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4		8	10	12	16	20
Embed	Embedment		h _{ef}	in. (mm)	4 ³ / ₈ (110)	5 (125)	6 ³ / ₄ (170)	8 ¹ / ₈ (205)	mm (in.)	90 (3.5)	110 (4.3)	125 (4.9)	170 (6.7)	205 (8.1)
and Water Concrete	Temperature range A ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	Tk,uncr	psi (MPa)	1,200 (8.3)	1,200 (8.3)	1,200 (8.3)	1,200 (8.3)	MPa (psi)	8.3 (1,200)	8.3 (1,200)	8.3 (1,200)	8.3 (1,200)	8.3 (1,200)
concrete an aturated Cor	Temperature range B ²	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete	T _{k,uncr}	psi (MPa)	830 (5.7)	830 (5.7)	830 (5.7)	830 (5.7)	MPa (psi)	5.7 (830)	5.7 (830)	5.7 (830)	5.7 (830)	5.7 (830)
Sa Sa			-	-	3	3	3	3	-	2	3	3	3	3
Δ			φ _d , φ _{ws}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	-	0.55	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f_c , between 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) and 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of $(f_c/2,500)^{0.25}$ for uncracked concrete [For SI: $(f_c/17.2)^{0.25}$]. See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

 $^{^1}$ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength in the range 2,500 psi ≤ f'c ≤ 8,000 psi. 2 Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C). Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

²Temperature range A: Maximum short term temperature = 130°F (55°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Temperature range B: Maximum short term temperature = 176°F (80°C), Maximum long term temperature = 110°F (43°C).

Short term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

TABLE 31—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR U.S. CUSTOMARY UNIT REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE BIT OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT OR A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL 1,2,5,6

							Bar	Size			
DESIGN		Criteria Section of			1				1		
INFORMATION	Symbol	Reference Standard	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Nominal reinforcing	db	ASTM A615/A706	in.	0.375	0.500	0.625	0.750	0.875	1.000	1.128	1.270
bar diameter	a.b	7.01.117.0107.17.00	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.7)	(32.3)
Nominal bar area	Ab	ASTM A615/A706	in ²	0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.00	1.27
Norminal bar area	Ab	A31W A013/A700	(mm²)	(71)	(129)	(199)	(284)	(387)	(510)	(645)	(819)
Development length for f_y = 60 ksi and f_c = 2,500 psi (normal weight concrete) ^{3,4}		ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3 ACI 318-11 12.2.3	in.	12.0	14.4	18.0	21.6	31.5	36.0	40.6	45.7
weight concrete)			(mm)	(304.8)	(365.8)	(457.2)	(548.6)	(800.1)	(914.4)	(1031.4)	(1161.3)
Development length for f_y = 60 ksi and f'_c = 4,000 psi (normal		ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	in.	12.0	12.0	14.2	17.1	24.9	28.5	32.1	36.1
weight concrete) ^{3,4}		ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(mm)	(304.8)	(304.8)	(361.4)	(433.7)	(632.5)	(722.9)	(815.4)	(918.1)

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

TABLE 32—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR EU METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE BIT OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT OR A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL 1,2,5,6

		ROUGHENED WI	IH A HIL	. II ROUGHI	ENING TOO	L1,2,0,0			
		Criteria Section of				Bar	Size		
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Reference Standard	Units	10	12	16	20	25	32
Nominal reinforcing bar	d _b	BS4449: 2005	mm	10	12	16	20	25	32
diameter	Ub	B34449. 2003	(in.)	(0.394)	(0.472)	(0.630)	(0.787)	(0.984)	(1.260)
Nominal bar area	4	BS 4449: 2005	mm ²	78.5	113.1	201.1	314.2	490.9	804.2
Nominai bar area	Ab	BS 4449: 2005	(in²)	(0.12)	(0.18)	(0.31)	(0.49)	(0.76)	(1.25)
Development length for $f_y = 72.5$ ksi and $f'_c = 2,500$	l _d	ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ⁷ ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	mm	348	417	556	871	1087	1392
psi (normal weight concrete) ^{3,4}	iu	ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(in.)	(13.7)	(16.4)	(21.9)	(34.3)	(42.8)	(54.8)
Development length for $f_y = 72.5$ ksi and $f_c = 4,000$		ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ⁷ ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	mm	305	330	439	688	859	1100
psi (normal weight concrete) ^{3,4}	psi (normal weight		(in.)	(12.0)	(13.0)	(17.3)	(27.1)	(33.8)	(43.3)

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind, and earthquake loads (SDC A and B).

²Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21, as applicable, and section 4.2.4 of this report

 $^{^3}$ For all-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33% unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5 or ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 are met to permit $\lambda > 0.75$. For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 18% unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5 or ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 are met to permit $\lambda > 0.85$.

 $^{4\}left(\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_{s}}\right) = 2.5$, $\psi_t = 1.0$, $\psi_e = 1.0$, $\psi_s = 0.8$ for $d_b \le \#6, 1.0$ for $d_b > \#6$

⁵Calculations may be performed for other steel grades per ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Chapter 25 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 12.

⁶Minimum development length shall not be less than 12 in (305 mm) per ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Section 25.4.2.1.

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind, and earthquake loads (SDC A and B).

²Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACl 318 (-19 or -14) Chapter 18 or ACl 318-11 Chapter 21 and section 4.2.4 of this report.

³ For all-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33% unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5 or ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 are met to permit λ > 0.75. For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 18% unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5 or ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 are met to permit λ > 0.85.

 $^{4\}left(\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_t}\right) = 2.5, \ \psi_t = 1.0, \ \psi_e = 1.0, \ \psi_s = 0.8 \ \text{for } d_b < 20 \ \text{mm}, 1.0 \ \text{for } d_b \ge 20 \ \text{mm}$

⁵Calculations may be performed for other steel grades per ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Chapter 25 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 12.

⁶Minimum development length shall not be less than 12 in (305 mm) per ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Section 25.4.2.1.

⁷ I_d must be increased by 9.5% to account for ψ_g in ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4. ψ_g has been interpolated from Table 25.4.2.5 of ACI 318-19 for f_y = 72.5 ksi.

1000

TABLE 33—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR CANADIAN REINFORCING BARS IN HOLES DRILLED WITH A HAMMER DRILL AND CARBIDE BIT OR HILTI HOLLOW CARBIDE BIT OR CORE DRILLED WITH A DIAMOND CORE BIT OR A DIAMOND CORE BIT AND ROUGHENED WITH A HILTI ROUGHENING TOOL 1,2,5,6

		WIIIIAIIIEII						
		Criteria Section of Reference				Bar Size		
DESIGN INFORMATION	Symbol	Standard Standard	Units	10M	15M	20M	25M	30M
Nominal reinforcing bar	dь	CAN/CSA-G30.18 Gr.400	mm	11.3	16.0	19.5	25.2	29.9
diameter	U _B	CAIWOSA-030.10 G1.400	(in.)	(0.445)	(0.630)	(0.768)	(0.992)	(1.177)
Naminal kan ana	4	CAN/CCA COO 40 C- 400	mm²	100.3	201.1	298.6	498.8	702.2
Nominal bar area	A_b	CAN/CSA-G30.18 Gr.400	(in²)	(0.16)	(0.31)	(0.46)	(0.77)	(1.09)
Development length for $f_y = 58$ ksi and $f'_c = 2,500$ psi	la	ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	mm	315	445	678	876	1,041
(normal weight concrete) ^{3,4}		ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(in.)	(12.4)	(17.5)	(26.7)	(34.5)	(41.0)
Development length for $f_y = 58$ ksi and $f'_c = 4,000$ psi (normal weight concrete) ^{3,4}	l _d	ACI 318-19 25.4.2.4 ACI 318-14 25.4.2.3	mm	305	353	536	693	823
(normal weight concrete)		ACI 318-11 12.2.3	(in.)	(12.0)	(13.9)	(21.1)	(27.3)	(32.4)

For **SI**: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

⁶Minimum development length shall not be less than 12 in (305 mm) per ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Section 25.4.2.1.

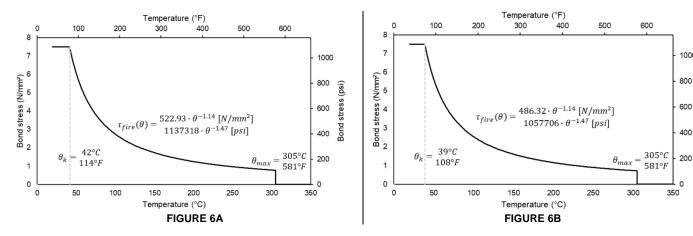


FIGURE 6 - BOND STRESS VS TEMPERATURE OF POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR APPLICATIONS SUBJECT TO ELEVATED TEMPERATURE / FIRE. FIGURE 6A FOR SHORT TERM LOADS INCLUDING SEISMIC; FIGURE 6B FOR SUSTAINED LOADS INCLUDING SEISMIC

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind, and earthquake loads (SDC A and B).

²Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21 and section 4.2.4 of this report.

³ For all-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33% unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5 or ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 are met to permit λ > 0.75. For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 18% unless the provisions of ACI 318-19 25.4.2.5 or ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 are met to permit λ > 0.85.

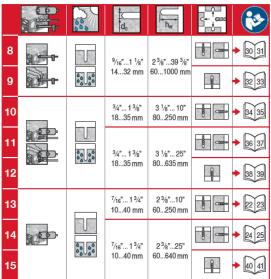
 $^{4\}left(\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{dt}\right) = 2.5, \ \psi_i = 1.0, \ \psi_e = 1.0, \ \psi_s = 0.8 \ \text{for } d_b < 20\text{M}, 1.0 \ \text{for } d_b \ge 20\text{M}$

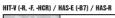
⁵Calculations may be performed for other steel grades per ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Chapter 25 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 12.



FIGURE 7—HILTI HIT-RE 500 V3 ANCHORING SYSTEM









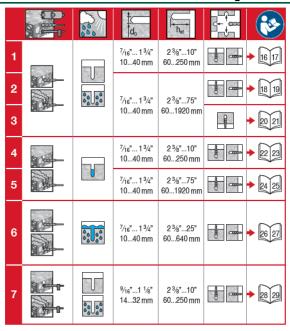
HAS / HIT-V

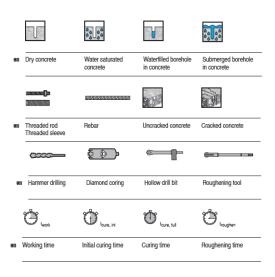
	Ø d₀	h _{ef}	Ø d _f	T _{max}	T _{max}
Ø d [inch]	[inch]	[inch]	[inch]	[ft-lb]	[Nm]
3/8	7/16	23/871/2	7/16	15	20
1/2	9/16	23/410	9/16	30	41
5/8	3/4	3 1/8 12 1/2	11/16	60	81
3/4	7/8	31/215	13/16	100	136
7/8	1	3 1/2 17 1/2	15/16	125	169
1	1 1/8	420	1 ½	150	203
1 1/4	13/8	525	13/8	200	271

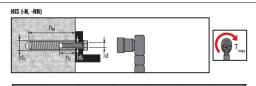
HIT-V

EXXXXIII	Ø d₀		Ø d _f	T _{max}
Ø d [mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[Nm]
M8	10	60160	9	10
M10	12	60200	12	20
M12	14	70240	14	40
M16	18	80320	18	80
M20	22	90400	22	150
M24	28	100480	26	200
M27	30	110540	30	270
M30	35	120600	33	300

1 inch = 25,4 mn

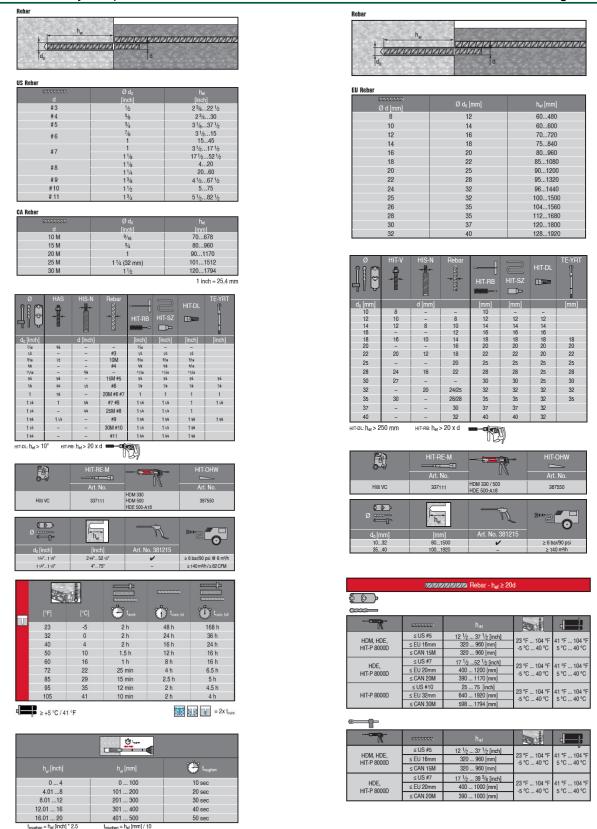


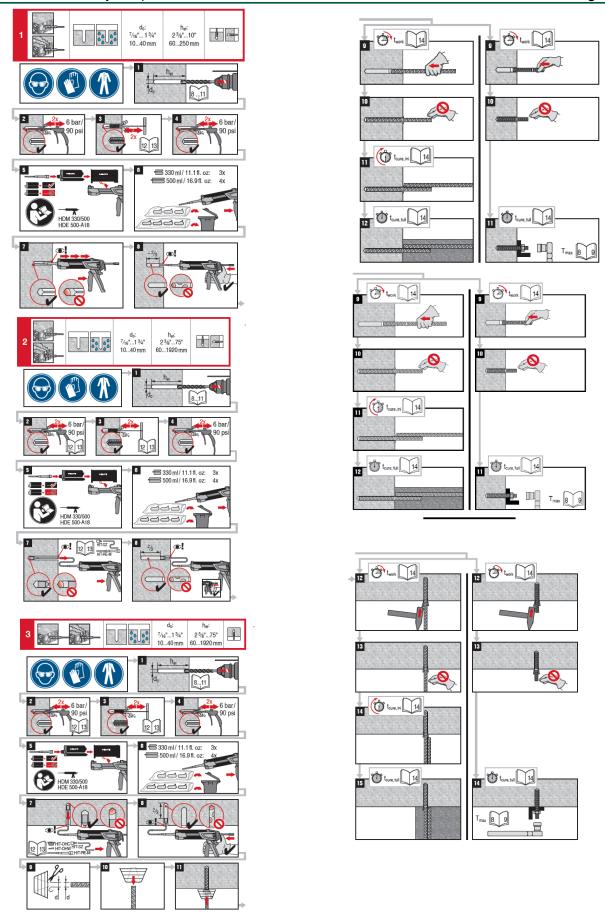




Ø d [inch]	Ø d₀ [inch]	h _{er} [inch]	Ø d _f [inch]	h₅ [inch]	T _{max} [ft-lb]	T _{max} [Nm]
3/8	11/16	4 ³ / ₈	7/16	3/815/16	15	20
1/2	7/8	5	9/16	1/21 3/16	30	41
5/8	1 1/8	63/4	11/16	5/81 1/2	60	81
3/4	1 1/4	81/8	13/16	3/417/8	100	136

) Ø d [mm]	Ø d₀ [mm]	h _{er} [mm]	Ø d _f [mm]	h _s [mm]	T _{max} [Nm]
M8	14	90	9	820	10
M10	18	110	12	1025	20
M12	22	125	14	1230	40
M16	28	170	18	1640	80
M20	32	205	22	2050	150





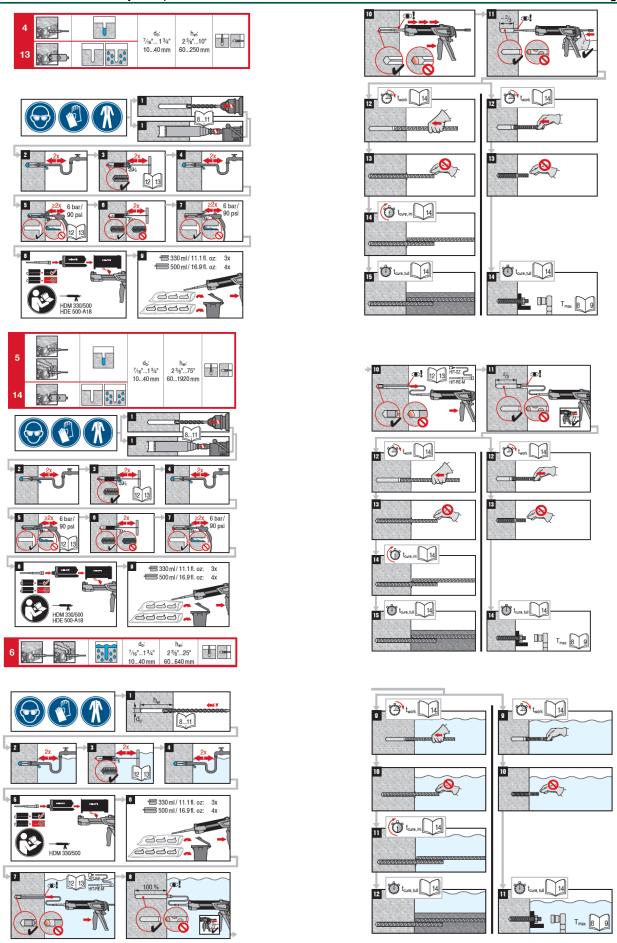


FIGURE 8A—MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) (Continued)

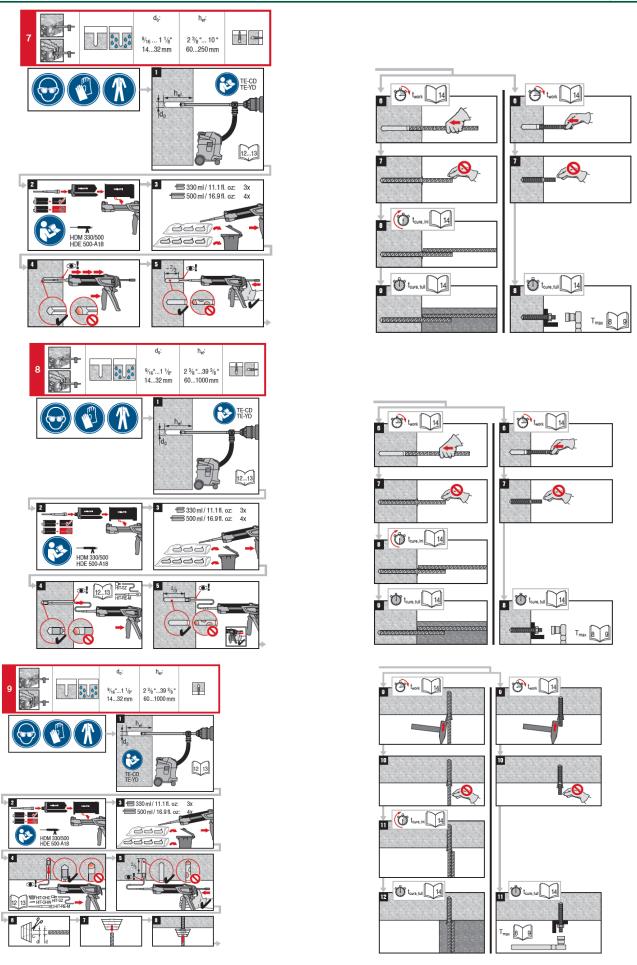


FIGURE 8A—MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) (Continued)

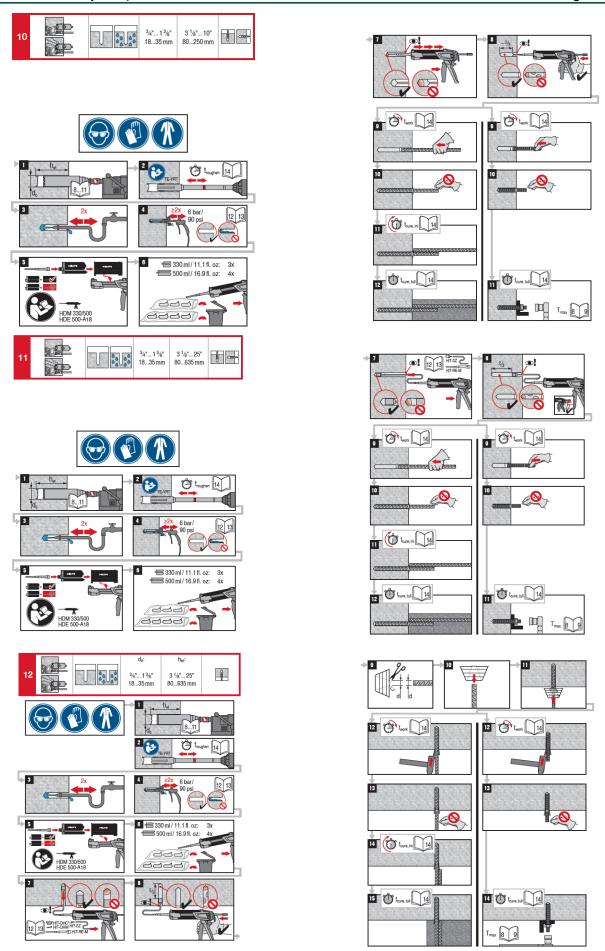
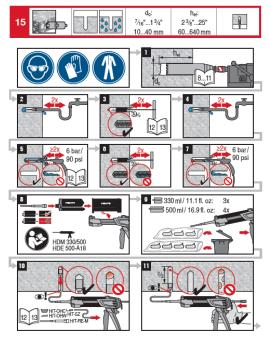


FIGURE 8A—MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) (Continued)

en



Adhesive anchoring system for rebar and anchor fastenings in concrete

► Prior to use of product, follow the instructions for use and the legally obligated safety precautions.

► See the Safety Data Sheet for this product.

HIII HIT-RE 500 V3

Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.(A)

Gentains: reaction product: biophenol-AF-(epichiorhydrin) epoxy resin MW = 700 (A), butanedioldiglycidyl ether (A),

m-Vylenedamine (B), 2-metlyl-1, 2-pentanedamine (B).



Do not breathe vapours.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/mover.

P305+P501+P338 IP IN EYES: Rince cauliously with water for several minutes. Remove contact tenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rincing.

P334-P313 If skin irritation or rath occurs: Cell medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Recommended protective: equipment:
For protective: Equipment:
For protective: Trighty sealed salety glasses e.g.: e00055440 Salety glasses PP EY-CA NCH clear;
e00055551 Goggen PE-EY-HA R HCAFF clear;
Protective glasses: EN 374; Material of gloves: Nitrie nober, NSR
Avoid direct contact with the Americal the product the preparation by organizational measures.
Final selection as superprotective protective: equipment is in the respectability of the sizer

Disposal considerations

➤ Leave the Mixer attached and dispose of via the local Green Dot collecting system

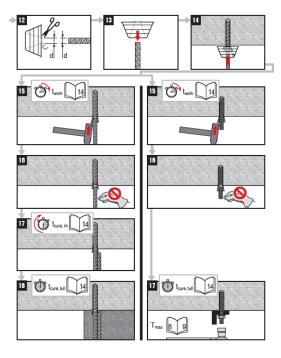
— or EAK waste material code 15 01 02 plastic packaging.

Fall or partially empticed packs:

dispose of as special waste in accordance with official regulations.

EAK waste material code: 20 of 27° paint, inits, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances.

or waste material code: EAK 060 + 06° waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous



Warranty: Refer to standard Hillt terms and conditions of sale for warranty information

Failure to observe these installation instructions, use of non-Hilli anchors, poor or questionable concrete conditions, or unique applications may affect the reliability or performance of the fastenings.

- Always keep bit instruction for use together with the product.

 Ensure that the instruction for use is with the product when it is given to other persons.

 Satchy Bast Satect Plans Satect Review the DS below use.

 Clack capitalise data: See expiration date imprint on folgoack manifold (month/year). Do not use expired product

 Fail pack fungerature during waspet +5° Ct to 40° Cf 14° Fc

 Genéfilium; for transport and sturger Keep in a cool, dry and dark place between +5° Ct to 25° Cf

- Lay **uncintine*

 A largreer handling may cause mortar splashes. Eye contact with mortar may cause irreversible eye damaget

 Always were tightly dealed safely glassee, gloves and protective clothes before handling the mortar!

 Never that dispensing without a mixer properly screwed on.

 When using an extension hose located in fillial mortar flow must be done through supplied mixer only (not through the extension hose).

 Altbah new miser prior to dispension a new fell nock (innus til)
- Attach a new mixer prior to dispensing a new foil pack (snug fit).
 Caution! Never remove the mixer while the foil pack system is under pressure. Press the release button of the

- Caution Never remove the mixer while the foll pack system is under pressure. Press the release button of the dispenser to under motar splanting.

 Use only the type of mixer supplied with the adhesive. Do not modify the mixer in any way.

 Never use damaged foil packs and/or damaged or unclean foil pack holders.

 ▲ Pear load values / putential failure or flacturing paints due to inadequate benefic cleaning. The berefules must be dry and firer of debris, dust, water, it, or use and other containings pairs to adhesive including.

 For binding out the bondhele blood out with oil the ear until return air steam is fire of noticeable dust.

 For flushing the borehole flush with water fire pressure until water runs clear.

 Important Remove all water from the bondhele all bottom out with oil the early out with oil the compressed air until bonehole is completely dried before mortar injection (not applicable to harmer drilled hole in underwater application).

 A transer that betwelveds are filled from the back of the borehole without terming air veids.

- A Ensert that between the displacement of the service of the bordenic willhead transing air visits.

 I in accessarily use the accessories / estemblish to reach the back of the bordenic.

 I in accessarily use the accessories / estemblish to reach the back of the bordenic.

 For overhead organizations use the ownerhead accessories / IFFC2 / IFF and tables peculi care when inserting the factories and the service of the accessories / IFFC2 / IFF and tables peculi care when inserting the factories and the service of the accessories is installed on the procedured years and to large, the fartit tipper print must be discussed in stalled on the service of the service
- If a new mixer is installed onto a previously-opened
 A new mixer must be used for each new foil pack.

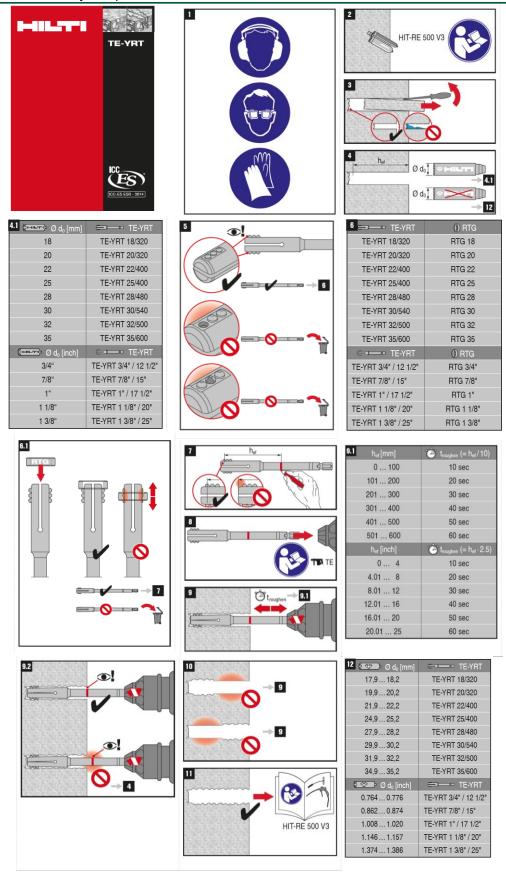


FIGURE 8B—MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII)



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-3814 LABC and LARC Supplement

Reissued January 2023 Revised November 2023

This report is subject to renewal January 2025.

www.icc-es.org | (800) 423-6587 | (562) 699-0543

A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

HILTI, INC.

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

HILTI HIT-RE 500 V3 ADHESIVE ANCHORS AND POST-INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Hilti HIT RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-3814, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below as adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS).

Applicable code editions:

- 2023 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2023 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System for cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-3814, complies with LABC Chapter 19, and the LARC, and is subject to the conditions of use described in this supplement.

3.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Hilti HIT RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System described in this evaluation report supplement must comply with all of the following conditions:

- All applicable sections in the evaluation report ESR-3814.
- The design, installation, conditions of use and identification of the Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchoring System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System are in accordance with the 2021 International Building Code® (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report ESR-3814.
- The design, installation and inspection are in accordance with additional requirements of LABC Chapters 16 and 17, as applicable.
- Under the LARC, an engineered design in accordance with LARC Section R301.1.3 must be submitted.
- The allowable and strength design values listed in the evaluation report and tables are for the connection of the adhesive anchors and post installed reinforcing bars to the concrete. The connection between the adhesive anchors or post installed reinforcing bars and the connected members shall be checked for capacity (which may govern).
- For use in wall anchorage assemblies to flexible diaphragm, anchors shall be designed per the requirements of City of Los Angeles Information Bulletin P/BC 2020-071.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued January 2023 and revised March 2023.







ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-3814 FBC Supplement

Reissued January 2023 Revised May 2024

This report is subject to renewal January 2025.

www.icc-es.org | (800) 423-6587 | (562) 699-0543

A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

HILTI, INC.

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

HILTI HIT-RE 500 V3 ADHESIVE ANCHORS AND POST-INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchors and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System in Concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-3814, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2023 Florida Building Code—Building
- 2023 Florida Building Code—Residential

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchor System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-3814, comply with the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, provided the design requirements are determined in accordance with the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-3814 for the 2021 *International Building Code*® meet the requirements of the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable.

Use of the Hilti HIT-RE 500 V3 Adhesive Anchor System and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar System has also been found to be in compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Residential* with the following condition.

 For anchorage of wood members, the connection subject to uplift must be designed for no less than 700 pounds (3114 N).

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder's quality-assurance program is audited by a quality-assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official, when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued January 2023 and revised November 2023.

